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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

NO. R. 5976

14 March 2025

LIQUOR PRODUCTS ACT, 1989

(ACT No. 60 OF 1989)

REGULATIONS: AMENDMENT

The Minister of Agriculture has, under section 27 of the Liquor Products Act, 1989 (Act No. 60 of 1989), made the regulations in the Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Definition

 In this Schedule "the Regulations" means the regulations published by Government Notice No. R. 1433 of 29 June 1990, as amended by Government Notices Nos. R. 838 of 19 April 1991, R. 2841 of 29 November 1991, R. 2079 of 24 July 1992, R. 2593 of 11 September 1992, R. 2791 of 2 October 1992, R. 3152 of 20 November 1992, R. 1376 of 30 July 1993, R. 2350 of 10 December 1993, R. 356 of 25 February 1994, R. 636 of 8 April 1994, R. 1022 of 27 May 1994, R. 2242 of 23 December 1994, R. 394 of 17 March 1995, R. 1695 of 3 November 1995, R. 1876 of 8 December 1995, R. 501 of 29 March 1996, R. 1038 of 8 August 1997, R. 1141 of 29 August 1997, R. 833 of 26 June 1998, R. 1078 of 28 August 1998, R. 24 of 8 January 1999, R. 70 of 22 January

1999, R. 672 of 28 May 1999, R. 951 of 6 August 1999, R. 21 of 12 January 2001, R. 349 of 20 April 2001, R. 678 of 27 July 2001, R. 343 of 7 March 2003, R. 77 of 3 February 2006, R. 814 of 11 August 2006, R. 846 of 14 September 2007, R. 171 of 15 February 2008, R. 555 of 22 May 2009, R. 413 of 21 May 2010, R. 525 of 13 July 2012, R. 401 of 2 May 2014, R. 629 of 24 July 2015, R. 5 of 5 January 2018, R. 274 of 1 March 2019, R. 736 of 13 August 2021, R 2247 of 8 July 2022, R. 2278 of 15 July 2022, R. 3542 of 15 June 2023 and R. 3737 of 31 July 2023.

Amendment of regulation 1 of the Regulations

- 2. Regulation 1 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the insertion before the definition of "bottle" of the following definitions:

"agave classes' means the classes specified in regulations 10A to 10N;

'beer classes' means the beer classes specified in column 1 of Table 3B;".

(b) the insertion after the definition of "customs and excise warehouse" of the following definition:

"'flavoured spirits' means brandy, whisky, cane spirit, rum, gin and vodka specified in regulations 13, 15, 18, 19, 21 and 22 respectively, which have been flavoured;";

(c) the insertion after the definition of "fruit juice" of the following definitions:

"'Hop products" means any product made from hops, including hop pellets and hop extracts;

'Hops' means hop cones, the dried female flower clusters of the hop plant (*Humulus lupulus*)';".

(d) the insertion after the definition of "natural wine" of the following definition:

"'prepackaged' means the packaging of a liquor product in packaging material intended for sale to the consumer in that packaging material;";

(e) the insertion after the definition of "the Act" of the following definition:

"'traditional African beer classes' means the traditional African beer classes specified in column 1 of Table 3C;"; and

(f) the insertion after the definition of "volatile acid content" of the following definition:

"WCA' means the Wine Certification Authority established in terms of section 2 of the Act.

Amendment of regulation 5 of the Regulations

- 3. Regulation 5 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the insertion after paragraph(b) of the following paragraph:
 - "(c) except where expressly provided otherwise in column 2 of the said Table in respect of the class concerned, it be a natural wine.".

Amendment of regulation 8 of the Regulations

- 4. Regulation 8 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of the following subparagraph:
 - "(i) alcoholic apple beverage shall consist of fruit juice derived from pears or grapes or added alcoholic pear beverage or added unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage derived solely from grapes;".

Insertion of regulations 8A, 8B and 8C in the Regulations

5. Regulations 8A, 8B and 8C are hereby inserted in the Regulations after regulation 8:

"8A. Requirements for other fermented beverages [6C (1) (a), 27 (1) (a)]

An other fermented beverage shall -

(a) have a volatile acid content of not more 1,2 gram per litre; and

- (b) in the case of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A -
 - be produced by the alcoholic fermentation by means of a yeast of a mixture of honey and water;
 - (ii) have an alcohol content of at least 3,5 per cent and not more than 18 per cent if not required to be fortified or distilled in terms of subparagraph (iii); and
 - (iii) be produced in such a manner that it complies with the specific requirements specified in column 2 of Table 3A opposite the class concerned;
- (c) in the case of the class "sacramental alcoholic beverage" -
 - (i) be produced by the alcoholic fermentation by means of a yeast of a mixture consisting of the juice of fresh grapes, pasteurised to at least 89 degrees Celsius, to which cane sugar has been added: Provided that no more than 45 per cent of the total sugar content of the mixture prior to fermentation is derived from cane sugar; or
 - (ii) be wine pasteurised to at least 89 degrees Celsius; and
 - (iii) have an alcohol content of less than 16,5 per cent;

- (d) in the case of the class "orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage" -
 - be produced by the alcoholic fermentation by means of a yeast of a mixture consisting of the juice of fresh oranges to which cane sugar has been added: Provided that at least 10 per cent of the total sugar content of the mixture prior to fermentation is derived from such juice of fresh oranges;
 - (ii) have an alcohol content of not more than 18,0 per cent;
- (e) in the case of the class "rice fermented alcoholic beverage" -
 - be produced by the alcoholic fermentation of rice, rice grain on which Aspergillus oryzae, Aspergillus luchuensis or Aspergillus luchuensis mut. kawachii has propagated, yeast and potable water;
 - (ii) have an alcohol content of less than 22 per cent;
- (f) in the case of the class "kombucha and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage" -
 - be produced by the alcoholic fermentation by means of a yeast of a mixture of kombucha and cane sugar;

- (ii) have an alcohol content of not more than 5 per cent;
- (g) in the case of the class "grain fermented alcoholic beverage" -
 - be produced by the alcoholic fermentation by means of yeast of wort prepared from a mash of raw grains with or without the addition of potable water, and with or without the addition of flavourings allowed under Table 6;
 - (ii) not contain or be flavoured with hops or any product derived from or containing hops;
 - (iii) have an alcohol content of at least 0,5 per cent, but not more than 15,0 per cent;
 - (iv) have, in the opinion of the administering officer, a distinctive taste and aroma which differs from that of wine or a class of wine or spirit;
- (h) in the case of the class "sugar fermented alcoholic beverage" -
 - be produced by the alcoholic fermentation by means of a yeast of a mix of sugar from a plant source, including manufactured syrups like glucose syrup, dextrose syrup, golden syrup and the like, and potable water, and with or without the addition of flavourings allowed under Table 6;

- (ii) not contain or be flavoured with hops or any product derived from or containing hops;
- (iii) have an alcohol content of at least 0,5 per cent, but less than 16,5 per cent;
- (iv) have, in the opinion of the administering officer, a distinctive taste and aroma which differs from that of wine or a class of wine or spirit.
- <u>8B. Requirements for beer [6A (1), 27 (1) (a)]</u>

Beer shall -

- (a) be produced in such a manner that it -
 - (i) is of a class specified in column 1 of Table 3B; and
 - (ii) complies with the requirements specified in column 2 of Table 3B opposite the class concerned;
- (b) have an alcohol content of at least 0,5 per cent, but not more than 15,0 per cent.
- (c) have a volatile acid content of not more 1,2 gram per litre.

8C. Requirements for traditional African beer [6B (1), 27 (1) (a)]

Traditional African beer shall be produced in such a manner that it -

- (a) (i) is of a class specified in column 1 of Table 3C; and
 - (ii) complies with the requirements specified in column 2 of Table 3C opposite the class concerned; and
- (b) has a volatile acid content of not more than 1,2 gram per litre.".

Amendment of regulation 9 of the Regulations

- 6. Regulation 9 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the substitution for item 4 of the Table of the following item:

Raw material	Class of spirit
1	2
"4. Any fermented harmless vegetable article	Gin; Vodka; Unspecified spirit; Mixed spirit; Absinthe";

(b) the insertion after item 5 of the Table of the following item:

Raw material	Class of spirit
1	2
"6. Fermented agave	Agave classes".

Amendment of regulation 10 of the Regulations

- 7. Regulation 10 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the insertion after paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:
 - "(b) have a residual sugar content of not more than 1,0 gram per litre; and";
 - (b) by the substitution for paragraph (c) of the following paragraph:
 - "(c) have an alcohol content of at least 40 per cent.".

Insertion of regulations 10A to 10N in the Regulations

- 8. The following regulations are hereby inserted in the Regulations after regulation 10:
 - "10A. Requirements for 100 % agave spirit

100 % agave spirit shall -

 (a) be distilled directly from fermented mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, containing sugar obtained exclusively from such agave hearts;

- (b) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (c) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10B. Requirements for silver 100 % agave spirit

Silver 100 % agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from fermented mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, containing sugar obtained exclusively from such agave hearts;
- (b) usually be clear with no colour, but may be almost clear with little colour reflecting minimal aging;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and

(d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10C. Requirements for gold 100 % agave spirit

Gold 100 % agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from fermented mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, containing sugar obtained exclusively from such agave hearts;
- (b) be enhanced by wood aging or the addition of allowed additives or blending with aged 100 % agave spirit or extra-aged 100 % agave spirit;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.
- 10D. Requirements for aged 100 % agave spirit

Aged 100 % agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from fermented mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, containing sugar obtained exclusively from such agave hearts;
- (b) be matured for at least 2 months in oak casks;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10E. Requirements for extra-aged 100 % agave spirit

Extra-aged 100 % agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from fermented mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, containing sugar obtained exclusively from such agave hearts;
- (b) be matured for at least 12 months in oak casks with a capacity of not more than 600 litres;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -

- (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
- (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10F. Requirements for ultra-aged 100 % agave spirit

Ultra-aged 100 % agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from fermented mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, containing sugar obtained exclusively from such agave hearts;
- (b) be matured for at least 3 years in oak casks with a capacity of not more than 600 litres;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10G. Requirements for crystal 100 % agave spirit

Crystal 100 % agave spirit shall -

- (a) be an aged 100 % agave spirit, an extra-aged 100 % agave spirit or an ultra-aged100 % agave spirit referred to in regulation10D, 10E and 10F respectively, which has been processed to a clear colour after maturation;
- (b) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (c) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10H. Requirements for agave spirit

Agave spirit shall -

 (a) be distilled directly from the mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, combined with the mash of any other harmless vegetable article and fermented together: Provided that at least 51 % of the fermentable sugar shall be obtained from such agave hearts;

- (b) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (c) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

101. Requirements for silver agave spirit

Silver agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from the mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, combined with the mash of any other harmless vegetable article and fermented together: Provided that at least 51 % of the fermentable sugar shall be obtained from such agave hearts;
- (b) usually be clear with no colour, but may be almost clear with little colour reflecting minimal aging;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and

(d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10J. Requirements for gold agave spirit

Gold agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from the mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, combined with the mash of any other harmless vegetable article and fermented together: Provided that at least 51 % of the fermentable sugar shall be obtained from such agave hearts;
- (b) enhanced by wood aging or the addition of allowed additives or blending with aged agave spirit or extra-aged agave spirit;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10K. Requirements for aged agave spirit

Aged agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from the mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, combined with the mash of any other harmless vegetable article and fermented together: Provided that at least 51 % of the fermentable sugar shall be obtained from such agave hearts;
- (b) be matured for at least 2 months in oak casks;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10L. Requirements for extra-aged agave spirit

Extra-aged agave spirit shall -

(a) be distilled directly from the mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, combined with the mash of any other harmless vegetable article and fermented together: Provided that at least 51 % of the fermentable sugar shall be obtained from such agave hearts;

- (b) be matured for at least 12 months in oak casks with a capacity of not more than 600 litres;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10M. Requirements for ultra-aged agave spirit

Ultra-aged agave spirit shall -

- (a) be distilled directly from the mash of agave hearts, also known as piñas, combined with the mash of any other harmless vegetable article and fermented together: Provided that at least 51 % of the fermentable sugar shall be obtained from such agave hearts;
- (b) be matured for at least 3 years in oak casks with a capacity of not more than 600 litres;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -

- (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
- (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least 35 per cent.

10N. Requirements for crystal agave spirit

Crystal agave spirit shall -

- (a) be an aged agave spirit, an extra-aged agave spirit or an ultra-aged agave spirit referred to in regulation 10K, 10L and 10M respectively, which has been processed to a clear colour after maturation;
- (b) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (c) have an alcohol content of at least 35 percent.".

Amendment of regulation 11 of the Regulations

- Regulation 11 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph
 (d) of the following paragraphs -
 - "(d) have a residual sugar content of not more than 15,0 gram per litre; and
 - (e) have an alcohol content of at least 40 per cent.".

Amendment of regulation 11A of the Regulations

- 10. Regulation 11A of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraphs (e) and (f) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(e) have a residual sugar content of not more than 15,0 gram per litre;
 - (f) have an alcohol content of at least 38 per cent; and
 - (g) be approved by the administering officer as a spirit that -
 - (i) has the distinctive sensory characteristics of premium husk spirit; and
 - (ii) in respect of appearance, flavour, taste, character and composition, is clearly distinguishable from pot still brandy referred to in regulation 12, brandy referred to in regulation 13 and vintage brandy referred to in regulation 14.".

Amendment of regulation 12 of the Regulations

- 11. Regulation 12 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph(d) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(d) have a residual sugar content of not more than 15,0 gram per litre; and
 - (e) have an alcohol content of at least 38 per cent.".

Amendment of regulation 13 of the Regulations

- 12. Regulation 13 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulation (2) of the following subregulations:
 - "(2) Brandy shall have an alcohol content of at least -
 - (a) 40 per cent; or
 - (b) 35 per cent if flavoured.
 - (3) Brandy shall have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (a) 15,0 gram per litre; or
 - (b) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured.".

Amendment of regulation 14 of the Regulations

- Regulation 14 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulation (3) of the following subregulation:
 - "(3) Vintage brandy shall have -
 - (a) an alcohol content of at least 38 per cent; and
 - (b) a residual sugar content of not more than 15,0 gram per litre.".

Amendment of regulation 15 of the Regulations

- 14. Regulation 15 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph(c) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
 - (d) have an alcohol content of at least -

- (i) 40 per cent; or
- (ii) 35 per cent if flavoured.".

Amendment of regulation 16 of the Regulations

- 15. Regulation 16 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph(c) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(c) have a residual sugar content of not more than 1,0 gram per litre; and
 - (d) have an alcohol content of at least 40 per cent.".

Amendment of regulation 17 of the Regulations

- 16. Regulation 17 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the insertion after paragraph (a) of the following paragraph:
 - "(b) have a residual sugar content of not more than 1,0 gram per litre;".
 - (b) the substitution for paragraph (e) of the following paragraph:
 - "(e) have an alcohol content of at least 40 per cent.".

Amendment of regulation 18 of the Regulations

- 17. Regulation 18 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraphs(a), (b) and (c) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(a) be produced by the distillation of -
 - (i) fermented sugar cane juice;
 - (ii) fermented, undiluted sugar cane molasses, or fermented sugar cane molasses, which has been diluted with water; or
 - (iii) fermented, undiluted sugar cane syrup, which has been produced in the manufacturing of cane sugar, or fermented, with water diluted, sugar cane syrup, which has been produced in the manufacturing of cane sugar,

in a rectifying or fractionating column: Provided that -

- (i) granulated sugar may not be used in the production of cane spirit; and
- (ii) sugar cane syrup referred to in subparagraph (iii) does not include manufactured syrups like glucose syrup, dextrose syrup, golden syrup and the like;
- (b) unless flavoured, not have any distinctive characteristic, aroma, taste or colour;

- (c) if flavoured, have a taste and aroma which is clearly distinguishable from that of another class of spirit;
- (d) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 15,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (e) have an alcohol content of at least -
 - (i) 40 per cent; or
 - (ii) 35 per cent if flavoured.".

Amendment of regulation 19 of the Regulations

- Regulation 19 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulation (1) of the following subregulation:
 - "(1) Rum shall -
 - (a) be produced by the distillation of -

- (i) fermented sugar cane juice;
- (ii) fermented, undiluted sugar cane molasses, or fermented sugar cane molasses, which has been diluted with water; or
- (iii) fermented, undiluted sugar cane syrup, which has been produced in the manufacturing of cane sugar, or fermented, with water diluted, sugar cane syrup, which has been produced in the manufacturing of cane sugar,

at less than 96 per cent alcohol per volume, irrespective of whether sugar cane leaves or fruit have been added thereto: Provided that –

- (i) granulated sugar may not be used in the production of rum; and
- sugar cane syrup referred to in subparagraph (iii) does not include manufactured syrups like glucose syrup, dextrose syrup, golden syrup and the like;
- (b) have the distinctive taste and aroma which is characteristic of rum and which is clearly distinguishable from that of cane spirit or another class of spirit;
- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 20,0 gram per litre; or

- (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least -
 - (i) 40 per cent; or
 - (ii) 35 per cent if flavoured.".

Amendment of regulation 20 of the Regulations

- 19. Regulation 20 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph(b) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(b) have a residual sugar content of not more than 1,0 gram per litre; and
 - (c) have an alcohol content of at least 50 per cent.".

Insertion of regulation 20A in the Regulations

20. Regulation 20A is hereby inserted in the Regulations after regulation 20:

"20A. Requirements for absinthe

Absinthe shall -

- (a) be produced by -
 - (i) the distillation of any fermented harmless vegetable article with or over common wormwood (*Atemisia absinthium L.*), anise (*Pimpinella anisum*) in seed form and other flavourings of plant origin, but not extracts or essences thereof;
 - (ii) the redistillation of a spirit with or over common wormwood (*Atemisia absinthium L.*), anise (*Pimpinella anisum*) in seed form and other flavourings of plant origin, but not extracts or essences thereof; or
 - (iii) the admixing of the distillates referred to in subparagraphs (i) and(ii);
- (b) have a predominant taste and aroma characteristic of absinthe;
- (c) contain at least 20 mg of thujone per litre of the final product;
- (d) have a residual sugar content of not more than 35,0 gram per litre; and
- (e) have an alcohol content of at least 45 per cent.".

Substitution of regulation 21 of the Regulations

- 21. Regulation 21 is hereby substituted in the Regulations by the following regulation:
 - "21. Requirements for gin [7(1)(b); 27(1)(a)]

Gin shall -

- (a) be produced by -
 - the distillation of any fermented harmless vegetable article with or over juniper berries and other flavourings of plant origin, but not extracts or essences thereof;
 - (ii) the redistillation of a spirit with or over juniper berries and other flavourings of plant origin, but not extracts or essences thereof; or
 - (iii) the admixing of the distillates referred to in subparagraphs (i) and (ii);
 or
 - (iv) the admixing of a distillate referred to in subparagraphs (i), (ii) or (ii) with a neutral spirit;
- (b) unless flavoured, have a predominant taste and aroma characteristic of juniper;

- (c) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 1,0 gram per litre; or
 - (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (d) have an alcohol content of at least -
 - (i) 40 per cent; or
 - (ii) 35 per cent if flavoured.".

Amendment of regulation 22 of the Regulations

- 22. Regulation 22 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraphs(b) and (c) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(b) unless flavoured, not have any distinctive characteristic, aroma, taste or colour;
 - (c) if flavoured, have a taste and aroma which is clearly distinguishable from that of another class of spirit;
 - (d) have a residual sugar content of not more than -
 - (i) 8,0 gram per litre; or

- (ii) 100,0 gram per litre if flavoured; and
- (e) have an alcohol content of at least -
 - (i) 40 per cent; or
 - (ii) 35 per cent if flavoured.".

Amendment of regulation 23 of the Regulations

- 23. Regulation 23 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraphs(c) and (d) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(c) have a residual sugar content of not more than 1,0 gram per litre;
 - (d) have an alcohol content of at least 40 per cent; and
 - (e) contain no more than 10 grams of methanol per litre of absolute alcohol if produced by the distillation of the fermented juice of fruit exclusively.".

Amendment of regulation 24 of the Regulations

24. Regulation 24 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph(b) of the following paragraphs:

- "(b) have a residual sugar content of not more than 15,0 gram per litre; and
- (c) have an alcohol content of at least 40 per cent.".

Amendment of regulation 29 of the Regulations

- 25. Regulation 29 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulations (3), (4) and (5) of the following subregulations:
 - "(3) The sugar content, expressed as invert sugar, of a spirit-based liquor shall, in the case of liqueur, cream liqueur and dairy free liqueur, be at least 75 gram per litre.
 - (4) The flavour, taste and character of a spirit-based liquor shall be clearly distinguishable from that of wine or a class of wine.
 - (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this regulation the administering officer may until 31 December 2025 allow a spirit cocktail to comply with the requirements of this regulation as they were on the day before this paragraph came into operation.".

Amendment of regulation 30 of the Regulations

26. Regulation 30 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -

- (a) the insertion after paragraph (d) or subregulation (2) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(e) an other fermented beverage, may also be added to the unfinished product or the raw materials from which that other fermented beverage is produced;
 - (f) a beer class, may also be added to the unfinished product or the raw materials from which that beer class is produced; and
 - (g) a traditional African beer class, may also be added to the unfinished product or the raw materials from which that traditional African beer class is produced."; and
- (b) the substitution for the words preceding paragraph (a) of subregulation (3) of the following words:

"A substance referred to in subregulation (1) shall be of a food grade and shall - ".

Amendment of regulation 31 of the Regulations

- 27. Regulation 31 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the insertion after paragraph(c) of subregulation (2) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(d) be removed from an other fermented beverage, may also be removed from the unfinished product or the raw materials from which that other fermented beverage is produced;

- (e) be removed from a beer class, may also be removed from the unfinished product or the raw materials from which that beer class is produced; and
- (f) be removed from a traditional African beer class, may also be removed from the unfinished product or raw materials from which that traditional African beer class is produced.".

Amendment of regulation 33 of the Regulations

- 28. Regulation 33 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the substitution for paragraph (e) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:
 - "(e) The expression "contains sulfites" or "contains sulphites".";
 - (b) the substitution for paragraph (f) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:
 - "(f) The filling date or best before date or production date of that liquor product as required in regulation 38A.".
 - (c) the substitution for paragraph (a) of subregulation (2) of the following paragraph:
 - "(a) The indication of an applicable class designation can, in the case of wine, be omitted from the label until 31 December 2027, unless that wine -

- (i) is a skin macerated white, a skin fermented white, a moscato, an extended barrel aged white/gris, a natural pale/non-fortified pale, a method ancestrale, an alternative red/rosé/white, a perlé wine, one of the sparkling wines, a sun wine, a low alcohol wine, a spirit-barrel-aged wine or a rosé wine from white wine aged in wooden casks, previously used to age red wine: Provided that the expression "sparkling wine" shall suffice as class designation for any one of the sparkling wines; or
- (ii) is a sweet natural wine with a residual sugar content of more than 30 grams per litre, but not a special late harvest or noble late harvest wine.".
- (d) the substitution for paragraph (d) of subregulation (2) of the following paragraph:
 - "(d) The indication of the expression "contains sulfites" or "contains sulphites" on a label is only required if sulphur dioxide occurs in a liquor product in a concentration of more than 10 milligram per litre, measured as total sulphur dioxide.";
- (e) the substitution for paragraph (e) of subregulation (2) of the following paragraph:
 - "(e) The indication of the filling date or best before date or production date can, in the case of wine or a spirit in a glass container, be omitted from a label.".

Amendment of regulation 34 of the Regulations

- 29. Regulation 34 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulation (1) of the following subregulation:
 - "(1) Subject to the provisions of subregulation (3), the particulars referred to in regulation 33(1) shall -
 - (a) be indicated in the same field of vision on one or more labels which are permanently attached to the container concerned: Provided that the "contains sulfites" or "contains sulphites" expression referred to in regulation 33(1)(e), the lot identification referred to in regulation 33(1)(g) and the filling date or best before date or production date referred to in regulation 33(1)(f) need not be indicated in the same field of vision as the other particulars referred to in regulation 33(1);
 - (b) be clearly distinguishable from one another and from any other particulars, illustrations or representations on the label concerned; and
 - (c) be indicated in letters and figures -
 - (i) which are the same colour, type and size in each particular instance;
 - (ii) which appear on a uniform and clearly contrasted background;

- (iii) which are clearly legible;
- (iv) which are permanently printed; and
- (v) subject to the provisions of paragraph (d)(v) of this regulation, of which the minimum vertical height, depending on the capacity of the container concerned, is as listed in column 2, 3, or 4 of Table 9 for that particular detail.
- (d) in the case of the class designation of a spirit aperitif, an other fermented beverage, and in the case of the class designation of any other liquor product as from 31 December 2027, such class designation shall also be indicated on the main label in letters and figures -
 - (i) which are the same colour, type and size;
 - (ii) which appear on a uniform and clearly contrasted background;
 - (iii) which are clearly legible;
 - (iv) which are permanently printed; and

(v) of which the minimum vertical height, depending on the capacity of the container concerned, is listed in column 2, 3, or 4 of Table 9 for that particular detail.".

Amendment of regulation 35 of the Regulations

- 30. Regulation 35 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the substitution for paragraph (a) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:
 - "(a) subject to the provisions of paragraph (aA), in the case of wine of a class specified in column 1 of Table 2, be the applicable designation specified in that column: Provided that -
 - (i) in the case of wine of the class methode ancestrale of which the pressure in the bottle in which it is to be sold is equal to or less than 300 kPa, the class designation "perlé wine" shall be indicated in conjunction with "methode ancestrale", wherever it appears on a label; and
 - (ii) in the case of wine of the class methode ancestrale of which the pressure in the bottle in which it is to be sold is more than 300 kPa, the class designation "sparkling wine" shall be indicated in conjunction with "methode ancestrale", wherever it appears on a label;

- (iii) in the case of a spirit-barrel-aged wine, the word "spirit" in the class designation shall be replaced by the name of the spirit concerned;";
- (b) the insertion after paragraph (a) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:
 - "(aA) in the case of rosé wine from white wine aged in wooden casks, previously used to age red wine, the class designation shall be -
 - (i) "rosé wine" in conjunction with the expression "from red wine casks";
 - (ii) "rosé wine" in conjunction with the expression "from white wine aged in red wine casks";
 - (iii) the name of the white wine grape variety concerned or the names of the white wine grape varieties concerned in conjunction with "rosé wine" and the expression "from red wine casks";
 - (iv) "rosé wine" followed by the word "from" and the name of the white wine grape variety concerned or the names of the white wine grape varieties concerned and the expression "aged in red wine casks"; or
 - (v) any one of the class designations set out in subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) where "red wine" is replaced by the name of the red wine variety concerned, but only if such casks were previously used for red wine of that red wine grape variety only;";

- (c) the substitution for paragraph (c) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:
 - "(c) in the case of a spirit of a class specified in regulations 10 to 24, be the applicable designation specified in the title of the applicable regulation;";
- (d) the substitution for paragraph (e) of subregulation (1) or the following paragraph:
 - "(e) in the case of a spirit-based liquor of a class specified in column 1 of Table
 5, be the applicable designation specified in that column: Provided that, in the case of a spirit aperitif -
 - the word "spirit" shall be substituted by the name of the spirit concerned; and
 - (ii) the name of the spirit concerned shall only be used on any label if it is used in conjunction with and in letters of the same colour, type and size as the word "aperitif": Provided that the name of the spirit concerned may be used on its own in descriptive text if such descriptive text clearly indicates that the spirit concerned has been blended, mixed, infused or otherwise combined with an allowed substance or substances;";
- (f) the substitution for paragraph (f) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:

- "(f) in the case of an other fermented beverage of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A, be the expression "alcoholic honey beverage" or "mead" in conjunction with the applicable class designation as specified in items 1 to 31 of column 1 of Table 3A: Provided that the expression "traditional African", where applicable, need not be indicated;";
- (g) the insertion after paragraph (g) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(h) in the case of a sacramental alcoholic beverage, be the expression "sacramental alcoholic beverage";
 - (i) in the case of an orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage, be the expression "orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage";
 - (j) in the case of a rice fermented alcoholic beverage, be the expression "rice fermented alcoholic beverage" or, if the rice fermented beverage was filtered after fermentation, "sake";
 - (k) in the case of a kombucha and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage, be the expression "kombucha and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage";
 - (I) in the case of a grain fermented alcoholic beverage, be the expression "flavoured grain fermented alcoholic beverage" if flavoured or "grain fermented alcoholic beverage" if not flavoured;

- (m) in the case of a sugar fermented alcoholic beverage, be the expression
 "flavoured sugar fermented alcoholic beverage" if flavoured or "sugar fermented alcoholic beverage" if not flavoured;
- (n) in the case of beer of a class specified in column 1 of Table 3B, be the applicable designation specified in that column;
- (o) in the case of traditional African beer of a class specified in column 1 of Table 3C, be the applicable designation specified in that column.";
- (h) the substitution for paragraph (c) of subregulation (2) of the following paragraph:
 - "(c) If brandy is flavoured, the word "brandy" shall only be used on any label if it is used in conjunction with and in letters of the same colour, type and size as the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings and the word "flavoured" or, if that is the case, "infused": Provided that -
 - the names of such flavourings may be substituted by a collective name for such flavourings;
 - (ii) if brandy is spiced, the name or names of such spice or spices and the word "flavoured" or "infused" may be replaced by the word "spiced"; and

- (iii) if the flavouring or flavourings do not impart an identifiable flavour, the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings may be omitted:
 Provided that a name or any other depiction representing a flavouring or flavourings shall not be used on a label; and
- (iv) the word "brandy" may be used on its own in descriptive text if such descriptive text clearly indicates that the brandy concerned has been blended, mixed, infused or otherwise combined with the flavouring or flavourings concerned.";
- (i) the insertion after paragraph (c) of subregulation (2) of the following paragraphs:
 - "(cA) If whisky is flavoured, the word "whisky" shall only be used on any label if it is used in conjunction with and in letters of the same colour, type and size as the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings and the word "flavoured" or, if that is the case, "infused": Provided that -
 - the names of such flavourings may be substituted by a collective name for such flavourings;
 - (ii) if whisky is spiced, the name or names of such spice or spices and the word "flavoured" or "infused" may be replaced by the word "spiced"; and

- (iii) if the flavouring or flavourings do not impart an identifiable flavour, the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings may be omitted:
 Provided that a name or any other depiction representing a flavouring or flavourings shall not be used on a label; and
- (iv) the word "whisky" may be used on its own in descriptive text if such descriptive text clearly indicates that the whisky concerned has been blended, mixed, infused or otherwise combined with the flavouring or flavourings concerned.
- (cB) If vodka is flavoured, the word "vodka" shall only be used on any label if it is used in conjunction with and in letters of the same colour, type and size as the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings and the word "flavoured" or, if that is the case, "infused": Provided that -
 - the names of such flavourings may be substituted by a collective name for such flavourings;
 - (ii) if vodka is spiced, the name or names of such spice or spices and the word "flavoured" or "infused" may be replaced by the word "spiced"; and
 - (iii) if the flavouring or flavourings do not impart an identifiable flavour, the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings may be omitted;

Provided that a name or any other depiction representing a flavouring or flavourings shall not be used on a label; and

- (iv) the word "vodka" may be used on its own in descriptive text if such descriptive text clearly indicates that the vodka concerned has been blended, mixed, infused or otherwise combined with the flavouring or flavourings concerned.
- (cC) If cane spirit is flavoured, the word "cane spirit" or "cane" shall only be used on any label if it is used in conjunction with and in letters of the same colour, type and size as the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings and the word "flavoured" or, if that is the case, "infused": Provided that -
 - the names of such flavourings may be substituted by a collective name for such flavourings;
 - (ii) if cane spirit is spiced, the name or names of such spice or spices and the word "flavoured" or "infused" may be replaced by the word "spiced"; and
 - (iii) if the flavouring or flavourings do not impart an identifiable flavour, the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings may be omitted;
 Provided that a name or any other depiction representing a flavouring or flavourings shall not be used on a label; and

- (iv) the word "cane spirit" or "cane" may be used on its own in descriptive text if such descriptive text clearly indicates that the cane spirit concerned has been blended, mixed, infused or otherwise combined with the flavouring or flavourings concerned.
- (cD) If an agave class is flavoured, the class designation concerned or any part of such class designation shall only be used on any label if it is used in conjunction with and in letters of the same colour, type and size as the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings and the word "flavoured" or, if that is the case, "infused": Provided that -
 - the names of such flavourings may be substituted by a collective name for such flavourings; and
 - (ii) if an agave class is spiced, the name or names of such spice or spices and the word "flavoured" or "infused" may be replaced by the word "spiced";
 - (iii) if the flavouring or flavourings do not impart an identifiable flavour, the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings may be omitted;
 Provided that a name or any other depiction representing a flavouring or flavourings shall not be used on a label; and
 - (iv) such class designation or any part of such class designation may be used on its own in descriptive text if such descriptive text clearly

indicates that the agave class concerned has been blended, mixed, infused or otherwise combined with the flavouring or flavourings concerned.

- (cE) If rum is flavoured, the word "rum" shall only be used on any label if it is used in conjunction with and in letters of the same colour, type and size as the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings and the word "flavoured" or, if that is the case, "infused": Provided that -
 - the names of such flavourings may be substituted by a collective name for such flavourings; and
 - (ii) if rum is spiced, the name or names of such spice or spices and the word "flavoured" or "infused" may be replaced by the word "spiced"; and
 - (iii) if the flavouring or flavourings do not impart an identifiable flavour, the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings may be omitted;
 Provided that a name or any other depiction representing a flavouring or flavourings shall not be used on a label; and
 - (iv) the word "rum" may be used on its own in descriptive text if such descriptive text clearly indicates that the rum concerned has been blended, mixed, infused or otherwise combined with the flavouring or flavourings concerned.

- (cF) If gin is flavoured, the word "gin" shall only be used on any label if it is used in conjunction with and in letters of the same colour, type and size as the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings and the word "flavoured" or, if that is the case, "infused": Provided that -
 - the names of such flavourings may be substituted by a collective name for such flavourings;
 - (ii) if gin is spiced, the name or names of such spice or spices and the word "flavoured" or "infused" may be replaced by the word "spiced";
 - (iii) if the flavouring or flavourings do not impart an identifiable flavour, the name or names of the flavouring or flavourings may be omitted:
 Provided that a name or any other depiction representing a flavouring or flavourings shall not be used on a label; and
 - (iv) the word "gin" may be used on its own in descriptive text if such descriptive text clearly indicates that the gin concerned has been blended, mixed, infused or otherwise combined with the flavouring or flavourings concerned.
- (cG) If a spirit is coloured, the name or any other depiction of the colourant concerned may only be used anywhere on a label if it is made clear that it was primarily used as a colourant.";

- (j) the deletion of paragraph (cA) of subregulation (1);
- (k) the deletion of paragraph (a) subregulation (2).

Amendment of regulation 36 of the Regulations

- 31. Regulation 36 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the substitution for subregulation (1) of the following subregulation:
 - "(1) (a) The alcohol content of a liquor product as indicated on a label, shall, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) and subregulation (2), consist of a figure which represents the actual percentage of alcohol per volume of that liquor product, in conjunction with a percentage symbol and one or more of the expressions "alcohol" and "volume" or abbreviations thereof.
 - (b) In the case of traditional African beer of a class specified in item 1 of Table 3C, the alcohol content shall consist of the word "maximum" or an abbreviation thereof followed by a figure which represents the total (actual plus potential) percentage of alcohol per volume of that traditional African beer, in conjunction with a percentage symbol and one or more of the expressions "alcohol" and "volume" or abbreviations thereof.

- (c) In the case of traditional African beer powder, the alcohol content shall consist of the word "potential" followed by the word "alcohol" or an abbreviation thereof and a figure which represents the potential percentage of alcohol per volume, calculated on the producer's recommended volume of water to be added, of that traditional African beer powder, in conjunction with a percentage symbol."; and
- (b) the substitution for paragraph (b) of subregulation (2) of the following paragraph:
 - "(b) otherwise not differ by more than 0,5 in numerical value from the actual, total or potential, as the case may be, alcohol content of the liquor product concerned; and".

Amendment of regulation 37 of the Regulations

- 32. Regulation 37 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the insertion after subregulation (3) of the following subregulation:
 - "(4) A spirit can only be claimed to have been produced solely in the Republic if 100 per cent of its alcohol, calculated on the basis of absolute alcohol, was obtained from distillation or redistillation in the Republic.".

Amendment of regulation 38 of the Regulations

- 33. Regulation 38 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subregulation (1) of the following subparagraph:
 - "(i) except where the WCA or the administering officer (as the case may be), determines differently, be identical to that indicated on the licence or authority in terms whereof that responsible seller is authorised under a national or provincial liquor act to sell such liquor product; or".

Substitution of regulation 38A of the Regulations

34. Regulation 38A of the Regulations is hereby substituted by the following regulation:

"38A. Indication of filling date or best before date or production date [11(1); 27(1)(a)]

The filling date or best before date or production date of a liquor product as indicated on a label shall consist of the expression "Filled on" or the abbreviation "FD", or "Best before" or the abbreviation "BB", or "Produced on" or the abbreviation "PD", as the case may be, followed by the date, in the format dd/mm/yyyy, on which the container concerned was filled or produced or which is the best before date of the liquor product concerned, as the case may be.

Amendment of regulation 38B of the Regulations

- 35. Regulation 38B of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subregulation (2) of the following subregulation:
 - "(2) The lot identification shall consist of any indication or mark identifying the lot to which a liquor product belongs, preceded by the letter "L": Provided that the administering officer may allow a lot identification without such preceding "L" if she or he is satisfied that traceability will not be compromised.".

Amendment of regulation 39 of the Regulations

- 36. Regulation 39 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the substitution for paragraph (g) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:
 - "(g) in connection with the sale of wine indicate that such wine is -
 - (i) lower in alcohol, light, lite or the like, unless that wine has an actual alcohol content of no more than 10 per cent; and
 - (ii) low or very low in alcohol, extra light, ultra light, extra lite, ultra lite or the like, unless that wine has an actual alcohol content of no more than 4.5 per cent: Provided that the WCA or the administering officer, as the case may be, may until 31 December 2025 allow wine not complying with this provision.";

- (b) the insertion after paragraph (h) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:
 - "(i) in connection with the sale of a liquor product other than as dealt with in this subregulation, make a comparative claim unless the person concerned can substantiate such a comparative claim to the satisfaction of the administering officer.".

Amendment of regulation 40 of the Regulations

- 37. Regulation 40 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a) of subregulation (6) of the following subparagraph:
 - "(ii) the license or authority referred to in regulation 38(1)(a) has lapsed or has been withdrawn.".

Amendment of regulation 41 of the Regulations

- 38. Regulation 41 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the substitution for subregulation (1) of the following subregulation:
 - "(1) In addition to presentation and container requirements in these regulations and any other law, liquor products shall comply with the presentation and container requirements set out in this regulation.";

- (b) the substitution for subregulation (2) of the following subregulation:
 - "(2) A liquor product intended for off-consumption by the public shall -
 - (a) only be sold in prepackaged form; and
 - (b) unless provided otherwise in these regulations or a scheme only be sold in -
 - (i) a container with a capacity of not more than 5 litres; and
 - (ii) a fully and securely sealed container: Provided that in the case of a traditional African beer class other than traditional African beer powder, such container may be vented."; and
- (c) the substitution for the words preceding paragraph (a) of subregulation (3) of the following words:

"A liquor product other than a traditional African beer powder -";

- (d) the substitution for subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subregulation (3) of the following subparagraph:
 - "(ii) be equipped with a sealed tap, or closure approved by the administering officer, which can be used in conjunction with the outer packaging;";

- (e) the insertion after subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (b) of subregulation (3) of the following subparagraphs:
 - "(v) be intended to be sold as such to the consumer; and
 - (vi) not contain smaller units which are not self-supporting and rigid; or";
- (f) the substitution for paragraph (c) of subregulation (3) of the following paragraph:
 - "(c) if filled in a foil bag, which is not self-supporting, such foil bag -
 - (i) shall comply with the requirements set out in subparagraph (b)(iii);
 - shall only be delivered to retail outlets for purposes of on-consumption by the public on the retail premises concerned;
 - (iii) shall be installed in a closed dispenser for purposes of such onconsumption; and
 - (iv) may have a capacity of more than 5 litres.";
- (g) the substitution for the words preceding paragraph (a) of subregulation (4) of the following words:

"Unless provided otherwise in this regulation a plastic container prepackage containing a liquor product shall -";

- (f) the substitution for paragraph (a) of subregulation (4) of the following paragraph:
 - "(a) be equipped with a sealed, tamper-proof cap: Provided that in the case of a traditional African beer class other than traditional African beer powder, such cap or the container may be vented."; and
- (g) the insertion after subregulation (4) of the following subregulation:
 - "(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this regulation, if the packaging of a liquor product was approved in writing by the administering officer to comply with the provisions of this regulation as they were on the day before this subregulation came into operation, the administering officer may, on the conditions he or she may deem fit, give written permission for such packaging to be used after this subregulation came into operation.".

Amendment of regulation 42 of the Regulations

39. Regulation 42 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for the words preceding paragraph (a) of the following words:

"An import certificate shall not be required in respect of products with an alcohol content of more than 0,5 per cent that are imported for drinking purposes -".

Amendment of regulation 47 of the Regulations

- 40. Regulation 47 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for paragraph(a) of subregulation (1) of the following paragraph:
 - "(a) in the case of a product other than wine, an alcoholic fruit beverage, the beer classes, the traditional African beer classes, an other fermented beverage, a spirit, a grape-based liquor and a spirit-based liquor, be issued only if the substances specified in column 1 of Table 8 do not occur in that product to a greater extent than that specified in column 2 of the said Table; and".

Amendment of regulation 52 of the Regulations

- 41. Regulation 52 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the insertion after subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subregulation (7) of the following subparagraphs:
 - "(iii) in the case of certified red wine, which has been in glass containers for at least 10 years, and has been sensorially approved by the WCA at least 3 times;
 - (iv) in the case of certified white wine, which has been in glass containers for at least7 years, and has been sensorially approved by the WCA at least 3 times;".

Deletion of regulation 55 of the Regulations

42. Regulation 55 of the Regulations is hereby deleted.

Substitution of regulation 58 of the Regulations

43. The following regulation is hereby substituted for regulation 58 of the Regulations:

"<u>58. Appeals</u> [22; 27 (1) (a)]

- (1) (a) An appellant and the administering officer or the WCA, as the case may be, shall when requested thereto in writing by the Director-General, in writing and within the period specified in that request, nominate the persons who in terms of section 22(3)(a)(ii) of the Act shall serve on the appeal Authority concerned.
 - (b) The persons nominated as appeal Authority members by the appellant and the administering officer or the WCA shall command sufficient knowledge of such technical and scientific subject matter of the Act and its subordinate legislation as will probably be in issue in the appeal.
- (2) The following persons shall not be appointed as an appeal Authority member -
 - (a) a person whose independence, objectivity and impartiality could be perceived to be compromised by a direct or indirect interest in the

appeal or by a business, personal or financial interest in a party to the appeal;

- (b) an advocate or an attorney who has rendered or who renders legal services to the appellant or the administering officer or the WCA.
- (3) An appeal Authority member may not receive remuneration from the appellant or the administering officer or the WCA.
- (4) An appeal shall be initiated by the lodging of a paginated and indexed founding affidavit which -
 - (a) specifies the decision or direction appealed against;
 - (b) clearly and concisely states the grounds upon which the appeal is based and the facts relevant to those grounds;
 - (c) has attached thereto documents in support of those grounds and to which reference is made in the founding affidavit;
 - (d) clearly and concisely states the form of the relief sought.
- (5) The founding affidavit shall be lodged with the Director-General and with the administering officer or the WCA within 90 days after the date upon which the appellant concerned has been notified in writing of that decision or

direction and shall be accompanied by proof of payment of the prescribed fees for the appeal.

- (6) If the administering officer or the WCA opposes the appeal, the opposition shall be in the form of a paginated and indexed answering affidavit which -
 - (a) clearly and concisely states the grounds upon which the appeal is opposed and the facts relevant to those grounds;
 - (b) has attached thereto documents in support of those grounds and to which reference is made in the answering affidavit.
- (7) The answering affidavit shall be lodged with the chair of the appeal Authority and the appellant within 30 days after the date upon which the appeal Authority was appointed.
- (8) The appellant may answer the answering affidavit in a paginated and indexed replying affidavit which -
 - (a) shall not introduce new grounds of appeal;
 - (b) is strictly limited to the facts traversed in the answering affidavit;
 - (c) has attached thereto documents in support of those grounds and to which reference is made in the replying affidavit.

- (9) The replying affidavit shall be lodged with the chair of the appeal Authority and with the administering officer or the WCA within 10 days after the date upon which the answering affidavit is lodged.
- (10) No further affidavits shall be lodged without leave of the appeal Authority.
- (11) The affidavits and annexures thereto shall be lodged in hard copy and PDF format.
- (12) A party to the appeal shall not approach or communicate with the appeal Authority or a member of the appeal Authority in the absence of the opposing party unless the opposing party has expressly agreed thereto in writing.
- (13) A party to an appeal and the legal representatives of such a party shall deal with the opposing party, opposing legal representatives, the officials of the Department and the members of the appeal Authority with civility, courtesy and respect.
- (14) If a party or the legal representatives of a party -
 - (a) approaches or communicates with the appeal Authority or a member of the appeal Authority in the absence of the opposing party without the express agreement in writing of the other party; or

(b) fails to deal with the opposing party, opposing legal representatives, the officials of the Department or the members of the appeal Authority with civility, courtesy and respect,

the appeal Authority may, where such conduct by the appellant is shown, dismiss the appeal and where such conduct by the administering officer or the WCA is shown, dismiss the opposition to the appeal and proceed to decide the appeal on the founding affidavit.

- (15) In order to expedite or facilitate the appeal the chair of the appeal Authority may from time to time issue such procedural directives as he or she deems fit in and relating to the appeal, such directives may include -
 - (a) the form of communications between the parties and the appeal Authority;
 - (b) the form of interlocutory applications in the course of the appeal;
 - (c) the form of the appeal;
 - (d) written argument by the parties on one or more issues in interlocutory applications and in the appeal;

- (e) oral argument by or on behalf of the parties at interlocutory applications and at the appeal and, if oral argument is directed, the date, time, format and venue for such oral argument;
- (f) the time periods for compliance with such directives.
- (16) The chair of the appeal Authority may invite the parties to agree to an appropriate procedure for the appeal and matters incidental thereto and to incorporate that agreement in a directive.
- (17) The appeal Authority may, on written application made within 7 days of the date of the expiry of a time period stipulated by the chair of the appeal Authority and on good cause shown –
 - (a) grant condonation for non-compliance with a procedural directive by the chair of the appeal Authority; and
 - (b) stipulate a final time period for compliance with such a directive.
- (18) If a party fails to comply with a procedural directive within the time period stipulated by the chair of the appeal Authority, or within a final time period for compliance with a directive stipulated by the appeal Authority pursuant to an application for condonation, the appeal shall -
 - (a) in the case of a failure by the appellant, lapse; and

- (b) in the case of a failure by the administering officer or the WCA, be decided on the founding affidavit.
- (19) An appeal that has lapsed shall not be reinstated.
- (20) A decision by the appeal Authority shall -
 - (a) in the case of interlocutory and condonation applications be made within 7 days of the consideration or hearing of the application;
 - (b) in the case of the appeal be made within 30 days of the consideration or hearing of the appeal;
 - (c) state whether the decision is unanimous or by a majority of the members;
 - (d) furnish reasons for the decision and for a dissenting decision, if any;
 - (e) be written and signed by the members of the appeal board;
 - (f) be lodged with the Director-General by the chair of the appeal board;
 - (g) within 7 days be furnished to the parties by or on behalf of the Director-General.

(21) A decision by the appeal Authority in and relating to the appeal and any issue in the appeal shall be final and binding on all parties, including the Department.".

Substitution of regulation 59 of the Regulations

44. The following regulation is hereby substituted for regulation 59 of the Regulations:

<u>"59 Offences and penalties</u> [27 (3)]

Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any provision of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction liable to a fine not exceeding R100 000 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding twelve months, or to both that fine and that imprisonment.".

Insertion of regulation 63 in the Regulations

45. Regulation 63 is hereby inserted in the Regulations after regulation 62:

"63. Transitional provisions [27 (1) (n)]

The administering officer may until 31 December 2027 allow beer, traditional African beer and other fermented beverages to not comply with any provision of these regulations under the conditions he or she deems fit.".

Substitution of Table 1 of the Regulations

46. Table 1 of the Regulations is hereby substituted by the following table:

"<u>TABLE 1</u>

GRAPE CULTIVARS WHICH MAY BE USED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF WINE

[Reg. 2]

Alicante Bouschet (Henri Bouschet)
Agiorgitiko
Alvarinho (Albariño)
Assyrtiko (Asyrtico)
Auxerrois
Barbarossa
Barbera
Barlinka
Bastardo do Castello
Bastardo do Menudo
Beogradska Bela
Beogradska Crna
Bourboulenc
Bukettraube
Cabernet franc
Cabernet Sauvignon
Carignan (Carinena)
Carmenère
Ceresa
Chambourcin
Chardonnay
Chenel
Chenin blanc (Steen)
Cinsaut (Cinsault)
Cinsaut blanc (Albatros)
Cinsaut gris
Clairette blanche

Colombar (Colombard)
Colomino
Cornifesto
Counoise
Crouchen (Riesling*; Cape Riesling; Kaapse Riesling)
Diamond Muscat
Donzellinho do Castello
Donzellinho do Gallego
Durif (Petite Sirah; Petite Syrah)
Emerald Riesling
Erlihane
Ferdinand de Lesseps
Fernão Pires
Furmint
Gamay noir
Gewürztraminer
Grachen
Graciano
Grillo (Riddo)
Grasa de Cotnari
Grenache (Rooi/Red Grenache; Grenache noir; Garnacha)
Grenache blanc (Wit/White Grenache)
Grenache gris
Grüner Veltliner
Harslevelü
Irsai Olivier (Irsay Oliver)
Kanaän (Belies; Canaän)
Kerner
Kristal
Lledoner Pelut
Malbec
Marsanne
Marselan
Merbein Seedless
Merlot
Meunier (Pinot Meunier)
Morio Muscat
Mourisco tinto
Mourvèdre (Mataro; Monastrell; Monastrel)

1	

Müller-Thurgau
Muscat d'Alexandrie (Hanepoot; Muscat of Alexandria)
Muscat de Frontignan (Muskadel; Muscadel; Muscat blanc; White Muscadel; Wit Muskadel; Muscat rouge; Red Muscadel; Rooi Muskadel; Muscat blanc á Petit Grains)***
Muscat de Hambourg
Muscat Ottonel
Nebbiolo
Nero d'Avola
Nouvelle
Olasz
Palomino (Fransdruif; White French; Malvasia Rei; Listán blanc; Listón Blanco)
Pedro (Valse)
Petit Verdot (Verdot)
Pinotage
Pinot blanc (Weissburgunder)
Pinot gris (Pinot grigio; Rulander; Gruaburgunder)
Pinot noir
Piquepoul blanc
Pontak (Pontac; Teinturier male)
Raisin blanc (Gros Vert)
Riesling** (Weisser Riesling; Ryn Riesling; Rhine Riesling)
Roobernet
Roussanne
Ruby Cabernet
Sangiovese
Sauvignon blanc (Blanc Fumé; Fumé blanc)
Sauvignon Gris
Schönburger
Sémillon (Groendruif)
Seyval blanc
Shiraz (Syrah)
Souzào
Sultana (Sultanina; Thompson's Seedless)
Summer Muscat
Sylvaner
Symphony
Tannat
Tempranillo (Tinta Roriz)
Therona

Tinta Amarella (Tinta Amarela; Trincadeira; Trincadeira Preta)
Tinta Barocca (Tinta das Baroccas)
Tinta Francisca
Touriga Franca
Touriga Nacional
Ugni blanc (Trebbiano)
Verdelho
Vermentino
Vidal blanc
Villard blanc
Viognier
Viura (Macabeo; Macabeu)
Weldra
Zanthe Korinthe
Zinfandel (Primitivo)
 *This name (Riesling) may only be used for wine produced from the Crouchen grape cultivar until, and inclusive of, the 2009 grape harvest. **This name (Riesling), may only be used for wine produced from the Weisser Riesling/ Rhine Riesling grape cultivar as from the 2010 grape harvest.
*** Note for information purposes only : The name "Muscat de Frontignan" is a protected geographical indication in the territory of the European Union and may not be used on South African wine exported to that territory.".

Amendment of Table 2 of the Regulations

- 47. Table 2 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the insertion after item 8a of the following item:

Class Specific		Specific requirements	
	1		2
"8aa.	Skin fermented white	1. 2.	The product shall be fermented on its skins. The product may only be sold if it has been certified.".

(b) the insertion after item 8g of the following item:

Class		Specific requirements
	1	2
"8h.	Moscato	 The product shall have a discernible muscat character. The product may only be sold if it has been certified.".

- (c) the substitution for paragraph 3 in column 2 opposite item 16 "Bottle-fermented sparkling wine" in column 1 of the following paragraph:
 - "3. The total duration of the production process including the period of maturation, shall be at least three months calculated from the commencement of the second alcoholic fermentation.";
- (d) the insertion after item 17 of the following items:

Class	Class Specific requirements		
1		2	
"17A. Méthode Cap Classique	1.	The grapes for this product shall be whole bunch pressed if made from grapes of the 2023 harvest and beyond.	
sparkling wine	2.	The second alcoholic fermentation shall occur solely in the bottle in which the product is to be sold.	
	3.	If made from grapes of the 2022 harvest and before the product shall remain in contact with the lees in such bottle for a continuous period of at least nine months calculated from the commencement of the second alcoholic fermentation.	
	4.	If made from grapes of the 2023 harvest and beyond the product shall remain in contact with the lees in such bottle for a continuous period of at least twelve months calculated from the commencement of the second alcoholic fermentation.	
	5.	The separation of the lees shall he done by means of "degorgement".	
	6.	The carbon dioxide in the bottle in which the product is sold shall originate solely from the second alcoholic fermentation.	

Class	Specific requirements		
1	2		
	7. If it is intended to sell the product in bottles with a capacity of more than 1,5 litres or less than 750 ml, the administering officer may on application grant permission for a departure from the requirements set out in paragraphs 2 and 3 or 4 above.		
	8. If made from grapes of the 2023 harvest and beyond the product may only be sold if it has been certified.		
	9. See notes 1 and 2.		
17B. Méthode Cap Classique sparkling wine	 This product shall only be produced from one or more of the following cultivars: Chardonnay, Pinot Noir and Pinot Meunier. 		
with Extended	2. The grapes for this product shall be whole bunch pressed.		
Lees Aging	3. The second alcoholic fermentation shall occur solely in the bottle in which the product is to be sold.		
	4. The product shall remain in contact with the lees in such bottle for a continuous period of at least thirty-six months calculated from the commencement of the second alcoholic fermentation.		
	5. The separation of the lees shall he done by means of "degorgement".		
	6. The carbon dioxide in the bottle in which the product is sold shall originate solely from the second alcoholic fermentation.		
	7. If it is intended to sell the product in bottles with a capacity of more than 1,5 litres or less than 750 ml, the administering officer may on application grant permission for a departure from the requirements set out in paragraphs 3 and 4 above.		
	8. The product may only be sold if it has been certified.		
	9. See notes 1 and 2.";		

(e) the insertion after item 19 of the following item:

Class	Specific requirements		
1		2	
"19a. Rosé wine from white wine aged		ne product shall have the colour that is distinctive of a rosé ne.	
in wooden casks, previously used		ne white wine shall be aged for at least 2 months in wooden isks, previously used to age red wine.	

7	2
1	3

Class	Specific requirements	
1	2	
to age red wine	 The rosé colour of the product shall be obtained exclusively from the contact of the white wine with the red wine casks and no red wine may be added to the white wine concerned."; 	

- (f) the substitution for note 2 of the Notes at the end of the Table of the following note:
 - "2. (a) Written notice of the intended initiation of the second alcoholic fermentation shall be furnished to the administering officer and, if the product is on record to be certified, the WCA to reach them at least three working days beforehand.
 - (b) Full records of all processes in connection with the production of the product shall be kept to the satisfaction of the administering officer and, if the product is on record to be certified, the WCA.
 - (c) In the case of a class of wine specified in items 17A and 17B, written notice of the intended commencement of the whole bunch pressing of the grapes shall be furnished to the WCA to reach the WCA at least one working day beforehand.".

Amendment of Table 3 of the Regulations

48. Table 3 of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for item 3 of the following item:

	Kind of fruit from which fruit	Alcohol content	
Class	Kind of fruit from which fruit juice shall be derived	Minimum %	Maximum %
1	2	3	
"3. Unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage	Any kind or combination of fruit, including grapes, but excluding pineapples	2,5	15,0"

Insertion of Tables 3A, 3B and 3C in the Regulation

49. The following Tables are hereby inserted in the Regulations after Table 3:

"TABLE 3A

CLASSES FOR OTHER MEAD AND SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR CLASSES

[Reg. 8B; 8C]

	Class	Specific requirements	
	1	2	
1.	Mead	No specific requirements.	
2.	Dry mead	The residual sugar content of the product shall not exceed 20 grams per litre	
3.	Semi-sweet mead	The residual sugar content of the product shall be more than 20 grams per litre, but not exceed 50 grams per litre.	
4.	Sweet mead	The residual sugar content of the product shall be more than 50 grams per litre.	
5.	Beer mead	1. Only ale or lager yeast shall be used for the alcoholic fermentation	
		2. The alcohol content of the product shall not exceed 7 per cent.	
6.	Metheglyn	 The product shall be produced by the addition of spices or natural extracts thereof in such a manner that the product has a distinctive taste and aroma which differ from those of the other classes of mead. 	

7	5
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	Class	ss Specific requirements	
	1	2	
		2. The residual sugar content of the product shall be more than 20 grams per litre.	
7.	Hippocras	 The product shall be produced by the addition of herbs and spices or natural extracts of herbs and spices in such a manner that the product has a distinctive taste and aroma which differ from those of the other classes of mead. The residual sugar content of the product shall be more than 20 grams per litre. 	
8.	Melomel	The product shall be produced by the addition of fruit juice, fruit cells or fruit juice concentrate in such a manner that the product has a distinctive taste and aroma which differ from those of the other classes of mead.	
9.	Perle-/ Petillant mead	The pressure in a container in which the product is sold shall be at least 75 kPa but not exceed 300 kPa.	
10.	Sparkling mead	The pressure in a container in which the product is sold shall be more than 300 kPa.	
11.	Karri / iQhilika traditional African mead	The product shall be produced by the addition of peeled Trichodiaderma roots.	
12.	T'ej traditional African mead	The product shall be produced by the addition of gesho sticks or other bittering agents, raisins and oak bark.	
13.	iMpandamel traditional African mead	The product shall be produced by the addition of edible roots.	
14.	Khadi traditional African mead	The product shall be produced by the addition of edible wild berries.	
15.	Vhinya ya vulomba/ vukanyi traditional African mead	The product shall be produced by the addition of marula fruit.	
16.	Braggot	The product shall be produced by the addition of malt extract, hops, herbs, spices, raisins and grain.	
17.	Cyser	The product shall be produced by the addition of apple.	
18.	Pyment	The product shall be produced by the addition of grapes.	
19.	Bochet	The product shall be produced from caramelised honey.	
20.	Capsicumel	The product shall be produced by the addition of peppers.	
21.	Sack	 The product shall have an alcohol content of at least 14 per cent. The residual sugar content of the product shall be more than 20 grams per litre. 	
22.	Acerglyn	The product shall be produced by the addition of maple syrup.	
23.	Rhodomel	The product shall be produced by the addition of rose flowers and hips.	
24.	Chilli Mead	The product shall be produced by the addition of chilli peppers.	
25.	Weirdomel	The product shall be produced by the addition of crushed peanuts, crushed tree nuts or vegetables, or a mixture of any of these substances.	

	Class	Specific requirements	
	1	2	
26.	Session mead	The product shall have an alcohol content of not more than 7.5 per cent.	
27.	Great mead	The product shall be matured for at least ten years.	
28.	Saxumel	The product shall be a distilled mead with an alcohol	
		content of at least 40 per cent.	
29	Amormel	The product shall be a sack mead, fortified with saxumel to	
		an alcohol content of not more than 25 per cent.	
30.	Faveomel	The product shall be a sack mead, fortified with rum or	
		vodka to an alcohol content of not more than 25 per cent.	
31.	Fructusmel	The product shall be a sack mead, fortified with brandy to	
		an alcohol content of not more than 25 per cent.	

TABLE 3B

CLASSES FOR BEER AND REQUIREMENTS FOR CLASSES

[Reg. 8B]

	Class	Requirements
	1	2
1.	Beer	 Beer shall - (a) be produced by the alcoholic fermentation by means of a yeast of wort prepared from starch and sugar containing raw materials with or without the addition of potable water; (b) contain hops or hop products; (c) be produced in such a manner that at least 35 per cent of the fermentable extract of the wort is derived from malted barley, malted wheat or other malted grain; and (d) have a value of at least 4 on the International Bitterness Units scale.
2.	Flavoured beer	

TABLE 3C

CLASSES FOR TRADITIONAL AFRICAN BEER AND REQUIREMENTS FOR CLASSES

[Reg. 8C]

7	7	
1	1	

Class	Requirements	
1	2	
1. Traditional African beer	 The product shall - (a) be produced by the alcoholic fermentation of malted grain of sorghum, maize, finger millet or pearl millet, or unmalted grain or meal of sorghum, maize, finger millet or pearl millet; (b) be in a state of alcoholic fermentation or not have its alcoholic fermentation arrested; (c) contain at least four per cent solids derived from the grain or meal referred to in paragraph (a); (d) not contain or be flavoured with hops or any product derived from or containing hops; and (e) have a total alcohol content of at least 0,5 per cent, but not more than 3,5 per cent. 	
2. Traditional African beer powder	 The product shall be a powder, which - (a) comprises not more than three parts by mass of milled sorghum or maize malt; (b) comprises not less than seven parts by mass of milled, precooked maize or unmalted sorghum grain or meal; and (c) does not contain or is not flavoured with hops or any product derived from or containing hops; and (d) has a potential alcohol content of at least 0,5 per cent, but not more than 3,5 per cent.". 	

Amendment of Table 5 of the Regulations

- 50. Table 5 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -
 - (a) the substitution for item 2 of the following item:

Class	Manner of production and requirements	Alcohol content	
		Minimum %	Maximum %
1	2		3
"2. Spirit aperitif	The product shall be produced by the addition of herbs, natural extracts of herbs, other flavourings of vegetable origin or flavourings which are nature-identical (excluding spirit flavourings and <i>Cannabis</i> flavourings), egg, milk, sugar of plant origin or water to only one of the spirits referred to in regulation 10 (grape spirit), 10A to 10N (agave	24,0	35,0";

Class	Manner of production and requirements	Alcohol content	
		Minimum	Maximum
		%	%
1	2		3
	classes), 11 (husk spirit), 13 (brandy), 15 (whisky), 18		
	(cane spirit), 19 (rum), 21 (gin) or 22 (vodka).		

(b) the insertion after item 5 of the following item:

Class	Manner of production and requirements	Alcohol content	
		Minimum %	Maximum %
1	2		3
	The product shall not contain any dairy products and the creamy texture shall be obtained by using plant based dairy alternatives.	15,0	*".

Substitution of Table 6 of the Regulations

51. The following table is hereby substituted for Table 6 of the Regulations:

"<u>TABLE 6</u>

SUBSTANCES WHICH MAY BE ADDED TO LIQUOR PRODUCTS

[Reg. 30]

		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
1	gum	grape-based liquor; spirit-	This substance may only be added after completion or termination of
		based liquor	alcoholic fermentation.

7	9

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
2	Acesulfame potassium (950)	Spirit cooler	 The final product shall not contain more than 350mg/kg of this substance. The following clearly legible message must be indicated on the main label, in letters of which the smallest letter is not less than 3.0mm in height: "Contains Acesulfame potassium".
3	Acetic acid	alcoholic fruit beverage, spirit- based liquor	
4	Active carbon	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
5	Agar-agar / Agar	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; sacramental alcoholic beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; grape- based liquor; spirit-based liquor	
6	Ale yeast	beer mead, braggot, cyser, pyment, karri and t'ej	
7	Allura red AC C.I. 16035	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 100mg/l of this substance.
8	Alpha acid	beer classes	
9	Amino acids, including the salts thereof	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
10	Ammonia	wine; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
11	Ammonium bisulphite	wine	
12	Ammonium phosphate	wine; other fermented beverage	The final product shall, in the case of an other fermented beverage, not contain more than 150mg/l of this substance.

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
13	Ammonium sulphate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
14	Ammonium sulphide	wine	
15	Ammonium sulphite	wine	
16	Amylozyme	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A	
17	Anatto extract C.I. 75120	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 100mg/l of this substance.
18	Anti-foaming agents	All types and classes	
19	Anthocyanin	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit-based liquor	The final product shall not contain more than 300mg/l of this substance.
20	Apple juice	cyser	This substance may be added to a maximum of 45 %, calculated in accordance with the mass of honey used.
21	Argon	wine; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
22	Ascorbic acid	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape- based liquor; flavoured beer; the traditional African beer classes; spirit-based liquor	The final product shall, in the case of wine and a grape-based liquor, not contain more than 250mg/l of this substance.
23		rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
24	Aspergillus luchuensis	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
25	Aspergillus luchuensis mut. kawachii	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	

Na	ame of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
26	Azorubine or Carmoisine C.I. 14720	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 100mg/l of this substance.
27	Beetroot red or Betanin	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 30mg/l of this substance.
28	Bentonite	All types and classes (excluding mampoer)	
29	Benzoic acid	alcoholic fruit beverage;	The final product shall not contain more than 250mg/l, calculated as benzoic acid, of this substance.
30	Biotin	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
31	Brandy	fructusmel	
32	Brilliant black C.I. 28440	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 30mg/l of this substance.
33	Brilliant blue FCF C.I. 42090	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance.

Na	ame of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
34	Brown HT C.I. 20285	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance.
35	Caffeine	alcoholic fruit beverage;	 If the final product contains more than 150mg/l of caffeine from this and other substances - a) the following clearly legible message must be indicated on the main label, in letters of which the smallest letter is not less than 3.0mm in height: "High caffeine content"; b) the following legible message must be indicated on a label, not less than 1.3mm in height: "Not recommended for pregnant or lactating women or persons sensitive to caffeine"; and c) a declaration must be included on a label of the quantity of caffeine, per single serving size and per 100ml, expressed in milligrams or "mg", following the
36	Calcium alginate	sparkling wines which are bottle fermented; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	word "caffeine".

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Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
37	Calcium carbonate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape-based liquor; the beer classes; the traditional African beer classes; spirit-based liquor	
38	Calcium chloride	rice fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes	
39	Calcium citrate	alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage)	
40	Calcium dihydrogen phosphate	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
41	Calcium disodium ethylene diamine tetra-acetate (calcium disodium EDTA)	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	The final product shall not contain more than 25mg/l of this substance.
42	Calcium sulfate	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
43	Calcium hydroxide	wine; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape-based liquor	
44	Calcium malate	alcoholic fruit beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	
45	Calcium pantothenate	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
46	Calcium tartrate	wine	

Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
47 48	Camden tablets Cane spirit	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A sacramental alcoholic	
40	-	beverage	
49	Cappings	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A	
50	Capsanthin or capsorubine or paprika extract	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	
51	process; III - ammonia process; IV - ammonia sulphite process)	wine (excluding special late harvest wine and noble late harvest wine); alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); the beer classes; spirits (excluding grape spirit, silver agave spirit and silver 100 % agave spirit, cane spirit, gin, vodka, unspecified spirit and mixed spirit); grape- based liquor; spirit-based liquor	 When using Caramel III or IV, the final product shall not contain more than: a) 1000mg/l in the case of an alcoholic fruit beverage; b) 50000mg/l in the case of a grape-based liquor, spirit- based liquor and spirits; and c) 9500mg/l in the case of and other fermented beverage and the beer classes. In the case of wine and an other fermented beverage this substance may only be used if: a) it has not been manufactured by the ammonia process and b) it does not contain more than 200mg/kg of 4-methyl imidazole.
52	Caramelised honey	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A	

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Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
53	Carbon dioxide	wine (excluding noble late harvest wine); alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit-based liquor; spirits (excluding mampoer); the beer classes;	
54	Carotenes (Mixed carotenes C.I. 75130 and Betacarotene C.I. 40800, including Beta-apo-8'- carotenal C.I. 40820 and Ethyl ester of beta-apo- 8'-carotenoic acid)	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance.
55	Carrageenan	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); rice fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	
56	Casein	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape- based liquor; spirit-based liquor (excluding dairy free liqueur)	
57	Charcoal	wine (excluding special late harvest wine and noble late harvest wine); alcoholic fruit beverage; sacramental alcoholic beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, the beer classes; spirits (excluding premium husk spirit, mampoer, pot still brandy and vintage brandy); grape-based liquor; spirit- based liquor	In the case of grain fermented alcoholic beverage and the beer classes, this substance shall only be used for the treatment of water to be added.

0	1

Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
58	Chemically modified starches (chemically and enzymatically derived)	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	
59	Chilli	chilli mead, capsicumel and hippocras	
60	Chitin-glucan derived from <i>Aspergillus niger</i>	wine, alcoholic fruit beverage, grape-based liquor	In accordance with the provisions of note 1.
61	Chitosan derived from <i>Agaricus</i> <i>bisporus</i>	wine, alcoholic fruit beverage, grape-based liquor; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	In accordance with the provisions of note 1.
62	Chitosan derived from <i>Aspergillus</i> niger	wine, alcoholic fruit beverage, grape-based liquor; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	In accordance with the provisions of note 1.
63	Chlorophyll C.I. 75810	gin, flavoured spirits; grape- based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 30mg/l of this substance.
64	Citric acid	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor; flavoured beer; spirit-based liquor	
65	Clorox	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A	
66	Cochineal, Carminic acid or Carmine C.I. 75470	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance.
67	Collagen	gin; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
68	Colourants of plant origin	gin	This substance may only be added after distillation for infusion of colour to the product.

69	Concentrated must	wine (excluding special late harvest wine, wine from	1. In unreconstituted form, this substance may -
	must	harvest wine, wine from naturally dried grapes and noble late harvest wine); sacramental alcoholic beverage; husk spirit; premium husk spirit; pot still brandy; brandy and vintage brandy; grape-based liquor	 substance may - a) in the case of wine of the classes specified in items 27 to 34 of Table 2, be added only as allowed in that Table; b) in the case of other wine, be added before or during alcoholic fermentation and on condition that - (i) the volume of the must to which it is added may not increase by more than 5 per cent as a result of such
			addition; and (ii) the total (actual plus potential) alcohol content of the final product may not increase by more than 2 per cent as a result of such
			addition; c) otherwise, only be added after
			completion or termination of alcoholic fermentation; and
			2. In reconstituted form, this substance may –
			a) only be added to wine or a grape-based liquor, either before, during or after alcoholic fermentation;
			 b) in the case of wine, only be added to wine not intended for certification and on condition that
			(i) it shall not be reconstituted to below 20 degrees Balling;
			(ii) notice, which shall include the volume of water to be used and the degrees Balling of the concentrated must

	concerned, shall be given to the administering officer at least 24 hours prior to commencement of reconstitution;
	 (iii) reconstitution shall not commence unless approved by the administering officer;
	(iv) any further reconstitution shall be subject to the conditions set out in subparagraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph;
	(v) after alcoholic fermentation and any sweetening of the wine concerned, the wine shall be analysed for alcohol and residual sugar content and such analyses shall be kept and maintained on record for a period of at least five years.

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
70	Copper sulphate	wine, alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor	
71	Curcumin C.I. 75300	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	
72	Dairy products	spirit cooler; spirit aperitif; cream liqueur	The butterfat content of the final product shall, in the case of cream liqueur, be at least 10.0 % by volume.
73	Dessert wine	husk spirit, premium husk spirit, pot still brandy, brandy, vintage brandy, whisky, malt whisky and blended whisky	
74	Diammonium glycerol phosphate	wine	
75	Diammonium phosphate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; the beer classes; the traditional African beer classes	
76	Dimethyl dicarbonate (DMDC/Velcorin)	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit- based liquor; the beer classes; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage	 The final product shall in the case of - a) a spirit-based liquor, not contain more than 100mg/l of this substance; b) wine, not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance; c) all other liquor products, not contain more than 250mg/l of this substance.
77	Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
78	Edible and consumable decorative flakes, glitter and dust	sparkling wine; gin; flavoured spirits, grape-based liquor; spirit-based liquor	

Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
79	Egg albumen	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit- based liquor	
80	Egg yolk	grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	
81	Emulsifying agents	grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor.	
82	Enzymes	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; the beer classes; the traditional African beer classes; grape-based liquor	
83	Erythorbic acid	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
84	Erythrosine BS C.I. 45430	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 30mg/l of this substance.
85	Evaporated milk	wine	
86	Filtering aids of inert material, including diatomaceous earth, silicon dioxide, microfibrillated cellulose and activated acid clay	All types and classes (excluding mampoer).	No undesired residue shall be left behind in the treated product.
87	Flavourings of plant origin, but not extracts or essences thereof and not anything derived from plants of the genus <i>Cannabis</i> .	gin; absinthe	

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Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
88	Flavourings of plant origin or extracts thereof, excluding flavourings, extracts or anything derived from plants of the genus <i>Cannabis</i> .	husk spirit, premium husk spirit, flavoured agave classes (excluding silver 100 % agave spirit, silver agave spirit, crystal 100 % agave spirit and crystal agave spirit), pot still brandy, brandy, vintage brandy; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; alcoholic fruit beverage; kombucha and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	alcoholic fruit beverage shall not increase the alcohol content of the product by more than 0.6 per cent;
89	Flavourings that are nature- identical, excluding nature- identical flavourings, extracts or anything derived from plants of the genus <i>Cannabis</i> .	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; flavoured spirits, gin; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	 The addition of this substance to - a) flavoured grape liquor or an alcoholic fruit beverage shall not increase the alcohol content of the product by more than 0.6 percent; and b) vermouth or cocktail shall not increase the alcohol content of the product by more than 1.2 per cent.
90	Fruit juice	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit cooler; spirit aperitif; liqueur	
91	Fruit juice, fruit cells and fruit juice concentrates	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; kombucha and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	 These substances may - a) be added to a maximum of 15% for beer mead and 50 % for melomel, calculated in accordance with the mass of honey used; and b) for mead classes other than melomel and beer mead, shall not constitute more than 3% volume of the final product.
92	Fumaric acid	wine	

Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
93	Gelatine	All types and classes (excluding mampoer).	
94	Gellan Gum	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	
95	Ginger	orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage	
96	Glycerol / Glycerine	spirit-based liquor; alcoholic fruit beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage;	
97	Glycerol esters of fatty acids	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
98	Grain malt	beer mead, braggot, karri and t'ej	
99	Grapes	pyment	This substance may be added to a maximum of 50%, calculated in accordance with the mass of honey used.
100	Green S, acid brilliant green BS or lissamine green C.I. 44090	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 100mg/l of this substance.

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Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
101	Guarana	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage;	
		beer	the main label, in letters of which the smallest letter is not less than 3.0mm in height: "High caffeine content";
			 b) the following legible message must be indicated on a label, not less than 1.3mm in height: "Not recommended for pregnant or lactating women or persons sensitive to caffeine."; and
			c) a declaration must be included on a label of the quantity of caffeine, per single serving size and per 100ml, expressed in milligrams or "mg", following the word "caffeine".
102	Guar gum	alcoholic fruit beverage;	
	-	grape-based liquor; spirit-	
		based liquor; grain fermented	
		alcoholic beverage, sugar	
		fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	
103	Herbs and natural	vermouth; spirit-based liquor;	
	extract of herbs	alcoholic fruit beverage;	
		hippocras and beer mead;	
		spirit aperitif; kombucha and sugar fermented alcoholic	
		beverage; grain fermented	
		alcoholic beverage; sugar	
		fermented alcoholic beverage;	
		flavoured beer	

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; husk spirit, premium husk spirit, flavoured agave classes (excluding silver 100 % agave spirit, silver agave spirit, crystal 100 % agave spirit and crystal agave spirit), pot still brandy, brandy, vintage brandy, flavoured spirits, gin; absinthe; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor);		the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; husk spirit, premium husk spirit, flavoured agave classes (excluding silver 100 % agave spirit, silver agave spirit, crystal 100 % agave spirit and crystal agave spirit), pot still brandy, brandy, vintage brandy, flavoured spirits, gin; absinthe; grape-based liquor	
105	Hops and hop products	beer mead, braggot, karri, t'ej and hippocras; the beer classes	
106	Hydrogen peroxide	wine	
107	Hyssop	bochet, rhodomel, hippocras and melomel	
108	lon exchange resins	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes	In the case of grain fermented alcoholic beverage and the beer classes, this substance shall only be used for the treatment of water to be added.
109	Inositol	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A	
110	Isinglass	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor	

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Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
111	Isomalt (Hydrogenated Isomaltulose)	alcoholic fruit beverage (excluding fortified apple and pear beverages); grape- based liquor (excluding grape liquor and flavoured grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	 The substance shall - a) in the case of an alcoholic fruit beverage - (i) be added before alcoholic fermentation only to such an extent that not more than 20 per cent of the fermentable sugars are derived therefrom; (ii) otherwise, only be added after completion or termination of alcoholic fermentation to sweeten the final product and to a maximum of 100g/l, calculated as reducing sugar;
			 b) in the case of a grape-based liquor or a spirit-based liquor, only be added to sweeten the final product.
112	Lactic acid	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes; spirit-based liquor (excluding dairy free liqueur)	
113	Lactic acid	rice fermented alcoholic	
	bacteria	beverage	
114	Lactose	the beer classes	
115	Lager yeast	beer mead, braggot, cyser, pyment, karri and t'ej	
116	Lecithin	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage	
117	Licorice root	hippocras	
	Locust bean gum (Carob bean gum)	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit- based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
119	Lycopene C.I. 75125	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance.
120	Magnesium chloride	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
	Magnesium sulphate	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
122	Malic acid	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; sacramental alcoholic beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape-based liquor; flavoured beer; spirit-based liquor	
123	Malolactic fermentation bacteria	wine	
124	Malt extract	beer mead, braggot, cyser, pyment, karri and t'ej; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes	
125	Maple syrup	acerglyn	This substance may be added to a maximum of 20 %, calculated in accordance with the mass of honey used.
126	Meta-tartaric acid	wine	
	Milk Mono-and diglycerides of edible fatty acids	wine alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
129	Must	wine (excluding special late	
		harvest wine, noble late	
		harvest wine and wine of the	
		classes specified in items 27	
		to 34 of Table 2); husk spirit;	
		premium husk spirit; pot still	
		brandy; brandy and vintage brandy; grape-based liquor	
130	Nitrogen gas	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage;	
130	Nill Ogen gas	grape-based liquor; grain	
		fermented alcoholic beverage;	
		rice fermented alcoholic	
		beverage; sugar fermented	
		alcoholic beverage; the beer	
		classes; spirit-based liquor	
131	Nuts	weirdomel	
-	Oak wood, bark,	other fermented beverages of	
	staves, and chips	the mead classes specified in	
	, 1	items 1 to 31 of Table 3A,	
		grain fermented alcoholic	
		beverage	
133	Oxygen	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage;	
		grape-based liquor; grain	
		fermented alcoholic beverage;	
		rice fermented alcoholic	
		beverage; the beer classes	
134	Pectin	alcoholic fruit beverage;	
		grape-based liquor; spirit-	
		based liquor; grain fermented	
		alcoholic beverage, sugar	
		fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	
125	Donnoro		
	Peppers Phosphoric acid	capsicumel and hippocras alcoholic fruit beverage; rice	
130	Phospholic aciu	fermented alcoholic beverage;	
		grain fermented alcoholic beverage,	
		beverage; sugar fermented	
		alcoholic beverage; spirit	
		cooler; grape-based liquor	
		(excluding grape liquor);	
		spirit-based liquor	
137	Phytates	wine	
	Phytic acid	rice fermented alcoholic	
-	,	beverage	

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Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
139	Pimaricin (Natamycin)	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	This substance may not be added to wine intended for certification
140	Plant based dairy alternatives	Spirit cooler, spirit aperitif, cream liqueur, dairy free liqueur	
141	Plant proteins from wheat, peas or potatoes	wine; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liguor	
142	Polysorbate 65	grape liquor	The final product shall not contain more than 120mg/l of this substance.
143	Polyvinyl polypyrrolidone (PVPP)	wine (excluding special late harvest wine and noble late harvest wine); alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes	
144	Polyvinylimidazole - polyvinylpyrrolidone copolymers (PVI/PVP)	wine	In accordance with the provisions of note 2.
	Ponceau 4R or Cochineal red A C.I. 16255	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance.
	Potassium alginate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverages; grape-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	
147	Potassium bicarbonate	wine	

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
148	Potassium bitartrate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape- based liquor	
149	Potassium carbonate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit- based liquor	
150	Potassium citrate	alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape- based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	
151	Potassium dihydrogen phosphate	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
152	Potassium ferrocyanide	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; spirits (excluding mampoer)	In accordance with the provisions of regulation 31 (4).
153	Potassium hydrogen sulfite solution (Potassium bisulphite)	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
154	hydroxide	alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape- based liquor; spirit-based liquor	
155	Potassium malate	alcoholic fruit beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
156	Potassium metabisulphite	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit- based liquor	
157	Potassium nitrate	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
158	Potassium phosphate	alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape- based liquor (excluding flavoured grape liquor and grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	 The final product shall not contain more than - a) 880mg/l of this substance, calculated as phosphorus, for alcoholic apple beverage and alcoholic peer beverage; and b) 440mg/l of this substance, calculated as phosphorus, for all other liquor products.
159	Potassium polyaspartate	wine	Not more than 10 g/hl of this substance may be added to wine.
160	Potassium sorbate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape- based liquor; spirit-based liquor	The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance, calculated as sorbic acid.
161	Propylene glycol alginate or Propane-1,2-diol alginate	spirit-based liquor	
162	Pyridoxine	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A	
163	Quillaia extract	rum; alcoholic fruit beverage, spirit-based liquor, grape- based liquor (excluding grape liquor)	The final product shall not contain more than 3g/l of this substance.
164	Quinine	grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; beer mead, braggot, karri, t'ej, grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage	 The final product shall not contain more than 100mg/l of this substance. The following clearly legible message must be indicated on the main label, in letters of which the smallest letter is not less than 3.0mm in height: "Contains quinine".

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
165	Quinoline yellow C.I. 47005	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 100mg/l of this substance.
166	Raisins	t'ej, melomel and pyment	
167	Riboflavin or lactoflavin	unspecified alcoholic fruit	
168	Roses	rhodomel and hippocras	
169	Rose hip	rhodomel and hippocras	
170	Rue	beer mead and hippocras	
171	Rum	faveomel	
172	Saxumel	amormel	
173	Silica Sol	All types and classes	
	Silicone resin	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
	Sodium alginate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; rice fermented alcoholic beverage, grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit- based liquor	
	Sodium benzoate	alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape- based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	The final product shall not contain more than 250mg/l, calculated as benzoic acid, of this substance.
177	Sodium	rice fermented alcoholic	
	bicarbonate	beverage	

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
178	Sodium carbonate	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage, grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes; spirit-based liquor	
179	Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (CMC)	wine; alcoholic fruit beverages; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape-based liquor; spirit-based liquor	Not more than 200mg/l of this substance may be added to wine.
180	Sodium chloride (common salt)	spirit-based liquor; other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, rice fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes	
181	Sodium citrate	alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); grape- based liquor (excluding grape liquor); flavoured beer; spirit- based liquor	
182	Sodium erythorbate	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
183	Sodium hydroxide	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; metheglyn and beer mead, grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit- based liquor	
184	Sodium malate	alcoholic fruit beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor	

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
185	Sodium metabisulphite	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage (excluding rice fermented alcoholic beverage); spirit- based liquor	
186	Sodium phosphate	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding flavoured grape liquor and grape liquor); grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	calculated as phosphorus, for
187	Sodium stearoyl lactylate	liqueur; cream liqueur; dairy free liqueur	The final product shall not contain more than 8000mg/l of this substance.
	Soft drink as defined in the regulations published under the Foodstuffs, Cosmetics and Disinfectants Act, 1972 (Act 54 of 1972)	spirit cooler	
	Sorbic acid	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	more than 200mg/l, calculated as sorbic acid, of this substance.
	any harmless plant article	or more; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	In the case of vermouth and cocktail with an alcohol content of 15 per cent or more, the substance concerned shall be a rectified spirit.
191	Spirit derived from apples or pears	alcoholic fruit beverage (excluding unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage)	The substance concerned shall be a rectified spirit.

Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
192	Spirit derived from grapes	wine (excluding late harvest wine, special late harvest wine, noble late harvest wine and sweet natural wine); vermouth; cocktail with an alcohol content of 15 per cent or more	
193	Steviol glycocides	alcoholic fruit beverage (excluding fortified apple beverage and fortified pear beverage); grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	 This substance shall only be added after completion or termination of alcoholic fermentation and only to sweeten the final product to a maximum of 700mg/l for a spirit-based liquor and to a maximum of 50mg/l otherwise. The following clearly legible message must be indicated on the main label, in letters of which the smallest letter is not less than 3.0mm in height: "Contains Steviol glycosides" or "Contains Steviol extract".
194	Succinic acid	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
195	Sucralose	alcoholic fruit beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	termination of alcoholic fermentation and only to sweeten the final product to a maximum of 200mg/l for a spirit-based liquor and to a maximum of 50mg/l otherwise. 2. The following clearly legible message must be indicated on the main label, in letters of which the
			smallest letter is not less than 3.0mm in height: "Contains sucralose".

Name of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
1	2	3
196 Sugar of plant origin	sparkling wines which undergo a second alcoholic fermentation; alcoholic fruit beverage (excluding fortified apple and pear beverages); other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A (excluding item 5 - beer	 The substance shall - a) in the case of sparkling wines, only be added for the initiation of the second alcoholic fermentation and to sweeten the final product; b) in the case of an alcoholic fruit
	mead); rice fermented alcoholic beverage; kombucha and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes; spirits (excluding mampoer and the agave classes which are not flavoured); grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor and flavoured grape liquor); spirit- based liquor	 beverage - (i) be added before alcoholic fermentation only to such an extent that not more than 20 per cent of the fermentable sugars are derived therefrom; (ii) otherwise, only be added after completion or termination of
		 c) in the case of the mead classes specified in column 2, a rice fermented alcoholic beverage, a grain fermented alcoholic beverage and the beer classes, only be added for the initiation of a second alcoholic fermentation to produce a sparkling product; d) in the case of a grape-based liquor, a rice fermented alcoholic beverage or a spirit-based liquor, only be added to sweeten or adjust the flavour of the final product.
197 Sulphur dioxide gas	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape- based liquor; the beer classes; spirit-based liquor	

Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
198	Sunset yellow FCF or Orange yellow S C.I. 15985	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); gin, flavoured spirits; spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance.
	Sweet reserve	wine (excluding special late harvest wine, noble late harvest wine and wine of the classes specified in items 27 to 34 of Table 2); grape- based liquor	This substance shall, in the case of wines other than sparkling wines, only be added after completion or termination of alcoholic fermentation.
200	Tannin	wine; spirits (excluding grape spirit, silver 100 % agave spirit, silver agave spirit, gin, cane spirit, mampoer, vodka, unspecified spirit and mixed spirit); alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; the beer classes; grape-based liquor	
201	Tartaric acid	wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor; spirit- based liquor	
202	Tartrazine C.I. 19140	unspecified alcoholic fruit beverage; gin, flavoured spirits; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); spirit-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer	 The final product shall not contain more than 200mg/l of this substance. The following clearly legible message must be indicated on the main label, in letters of which the smallest letter is not less than 3.0mm in height: "Contains tartrazine".

Name of substance		Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
203	Taurine	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; spirit-based liquor	 If the final product contains more than 150mg/l of this substance - a) the following clearly legible message must be indicated on the main label, in letters of which the smallest letter is not less than 3.0mm in height: "High taurine content"; b) the following legible message must be indicated on a label, not less than 1.3mm in height: "Not recommended for pregnant or lactating women or persons sensitive to taurine"; and c) a declaration must be included on a label of the quantity of taurine, per single serving size
			and per 100ml, expressed in milligrams or "mg", following the word "taurine".
	product of the fermentation of fruit, which has been stripped of its character to the extent that the essential flavour and taste of the fermented alcoholic fruit product concerned have been lost.	spirit-based liquor	
205	Thiamine, including the salts thereof	wine; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
	Trichodiaderma roots	karri	
207	Urea	other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A	

Name of substance		Liquor products to which	Manner and conditions of
		substance may be added	addition
	1	2	3
208	Vitamin B	other fermented beverages of	
		the mead classes specified in	
		items 1 to 31 of Table 3A	
	Vitamin D	the beer classes	
	Vodka	faveomel	
211	Water	wine; spirits; grape-based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes; spirit-based liquor; alcoholic fruit beverage.	In the case of wine this substance shall only be added where required on account of a specific technical necessity: Provided that if added to facilitate fermentation, it may not dilute the must below 22 degrees Balling.
	Wheat flour	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	
	Wood	the beer classes; other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A; rice fermented alcoholic beverage	In the case of other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A and rice fermented alcoholic beverage, this substance may only be used in the form of wooden cask and only be used for alcoholic fermentation or maturation of the product.
214	Xanthan gum	alcoholic fruit beverage; grape-based liquor (excluding grape liquor); grain fermented alcoholic beverage, sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; flavoured beer; spirit-based liquor	

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Na	me of substance	Liquor products to which substance may be added	Manner and conditions of addition
	1	2	3
215	Yeast and yeast nutrients (including Folic acid and Nicotinic acid) if not foreign to fermented alcoholic beverages or primarily flavour contributive	wine, alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverages of the mead classes specified in items 1 to 31 of Table 3A (excluding item 5 - beer mead); sacramental alcoholic beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; rice fermented alcoholic beverage; kombucha and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes; the traditional African beer classes	
216	Yeast Mannoproteins	wine	
217	Zinc sulfate	rice fermented alcoholic beverage	

Notes:

- 1. (a) This substance [chitin-glucan or chitosan] may only be used for -
 - (i) reduction in the heavy metal content, particularly iron, lead, cadmium and copper;
 - (ii) prevention of ferric casse and copper casse;
 - (iii) clarification;
 - (iv) reduction of possible contaminants, especially ochratoxin A; and
 - (v) in the case of chitosan, reduction in the populations of undesirable microorganisms, in particular *Brettanomyces*.
 - (b) Dose levels shall be determined after a qualification test, but may not exceed -
 - (i) 100 g/hl for the applications referred to in paragraph (a)(i), (ii) and (iii) of this note;
 - (ii) 500 g/hl for the application referred to in paragraph (a)(iv) of this note; and
 - (iii) 10 g/hl for the application referred to in paragraph (a)(v) of this note.
 - (c) Sediments shall be removed using physical processes.

- 2. (a) This substance [polyvinylimidazole- polyvinylpyrrolidone copolymers (PVI/PVP)] may only be used for
 - (i) the prevention of defects caused by too high metal contents; and
 - (ii) the reduction of undesirable high concentration of metals.
 - (b) The amount used shall be less than 500 mg/l.
 - (c) When musts and wine are treated, the accumulated dosage should be less than 500 mg/l.
 - (d) The added copolymers must be eliminated by filtering within two days at most of their addition to the wine, taking account of the precautionary principle.
 - (e) In the case of musts, the copolymers must be added no earlier than two days before filtering.
 - (f) The adsorbant copolymers used must comply with the requirements of the International Oenological Codex published by the International Organisation of Vine and Wine, especially as regards the maximum monomer content.".

Substitution of Table 7 of the Regulations

52. The following Table is hereby substituted for Table 7 of the Regulations:

"<u>TABLE 7</u>

SUBSTANCES WHICH MAY BE REMOVED FROM LIQUOR PRODUCTS

[Reg. 31]

Name of substance	Liquor products from which substance may be removed	Manner and conditions of removal	
1	2	3	
Alcohol	Grape-based liquor; wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic	By means of physical separation techniques and, in the case of wine, a grain fermented alcoholic beverage, a sugar fermented alcoholic beverage or the beer classes, in accordance with the provisions of note 1.	

Name of substance	Liquor products from which substance may be removed	Manner and conditions of removal
1	2	3
	beverage; the beer classes	
Bacteria and fungi	Wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape- based liquor; grain fermented alcoholic beverage; sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; the beer classes	By means of micro-filtration or ultraviolet radiation on condition that, in the case of wine, the treated wine shall have a vinous character.
Cloudiness, colouring agents and proteins	Wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor; the beer classes	 By means of - (a) pasteurisation or cold stabilisation or, in the case of a grape-based liquor, alcoholic fruit beverage, other fermented beverage, also filtration or ion exchange resins; or (b) treatment with any of the applicable substances listed in column 1 of Table 6, under the applicable manner and conditions of addition set out in column 3 of that table.
Heavy metals	Wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; spirits; grape-based liquor	 By means of – (a) treatment with potassium ferro cyanide in accordance with the provisions of regulation 31(4); (b) treatment with any of the applicable substances listed in column 1 of Table 6, under the applicable manner and conditions of addition set out in column 3 of that table; or (c) in the case of an alcoholic fruit beverage, grape-based liquor and an other fermented beverage, also ion exchange resins.

Name of substance	Liquor products from which substance may be removed	Manner and conditions of removal
1	2	3
Organic acids	Wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape- based liquor	By means of cold stabilisation or treatment with any of the applicable substances listed in column 1 of Table 6, under the applicable manner and conditions of addition set out in column 3 of that table, or in the case of an alcoholic fruit beverage or grape-based liquor, also ion exchange resins.
Sulphur dioxide	Wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; sacramental alcoholic beverage; orange juice and sugar fermented alcoholic beverage; grape- based liquor	By means of physical processes or treatment with any of the applicable substances listed in column 1 of Table 6, under the applicable manner and conditions of addition set out in column 3 of that table. In the case of wine, such physical processes may only be used on the must intended for wine.
Tartrates and	Wine; alcoholic fruit	By means of -
other substances which could affect the stability of a liquor product	beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor	(a) cold stabilisation or, in the case of a grape- based liquor, alcoholic fruit beverage and other fermented beverage, also membrane diffusion or ion exchange resins;
		(b) treatment with any of the applicable substances listed in column 1 of Table 6, under the applicable manner and conditions of addition set out in column 3 of that table;
		(c) electrodialysis treatment in accordance with the provisions of note 2; or
		(d)in the case of wine, cation exchange resins in accordance with the provisions of note 3.
Undesirable flavours	Wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; other fermented beverage; grape-based liquor; the beer classes	By means of treatment with any of the applicable substances listed in column 1 of Table 6, under the applicable manner and conditions of addition set out in column 3 of that table, or, in the case of an alcoholic fruit beverage, an other fermented beverage or grape-based liquor, also ion exchange resins.
Volatile Acid	Wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape- based liquor	By means of physical separation techniques followed by ion exchange resins.

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Name of substance	Liquor products from which substance may be removed	Manner and conditions of removal	
1 2		3	
Water	Wine; alcoholic fruit beverage; grape- based liquor	By means of physical separation techniques. In the case of wine, this substance may only be removed from the must intended for wine.	

Notes:

- 1. (a) The treated -
 - (i) wine shall have a vinous character;
 - (ii) beer shall have a beer character;
 - (iii) alcoholic fruit beverage, grain fermented alcoholic beverage or sugar fermented alcoholic beverage shall retain the essential character of the original alcoholic fruit beverage, grain fermented alcoholic beverage or sugar fermented alcoholic beverage, as the case may be.
 - (b) No water or other substance other than that contained in the original product prior to processing may be returned to the product being treated.
 - (c) Treatment of the original wine may not commence unless prior written notification thereof was given to the administering officer and the customs and excise officer concerned, and the administering officer has taken a sample of the original wine.
 - (d) Comprehensive records, ensuring full traceability from the original product to the treated product of all actions, processes and substances involved, shall, to the satisfaction of the administering officer, be kept by all involved parties.
 - (e) A treated wine may not be bottled or sold unless prior written notification thereof was given to the administering officer and the administering officer has given written permission for the treated wine to be bottled or sold, irrespective whether the administering officer has taken a sample of the treated wine or not.
- 2. (a) This treatment shall be a physical method for the extraction of ions in supersaturation in the product under the action of an electric field with the help of membranes permeable only to anions on the one hand, and membranes permeable only to cations on the other hand.
 - (b) The membranes shall be arranged alternately in a system typical of a filter-press or any other appropriate system, that establishes compartments of processing (product) and concentration (reject water).
 - (c) Cation exchange membranes shall be adapted to the extraction of only cations and in particular: K⁺, Ca⁺⁺.

- (d) Anion exchange membranes shall be adapted to the extraction of only anions and especially of tartrate anions.
- (e) The equipment used shall be operated under a control system that takes into account the instability of each product in such a way that only the super-saturation in potassium hydrogen tartrate and in salts of calcium is eliminated.
- (f) The implementation of the process shall be under the responsibility of an oenologist or specialist technician.
- 3. (a) The treatment shall be limited to the elimination of excess cations.
 - (b) The wine shall first of all be cooled.
 - (c) Only the minimum fraction of wine necessary to obtain stability shall be treated with cation exchange resins.
 - (d) The treatment shall be carried out on acid-regenerated cation exchange resins.
 - (e) To avoid the production of fractions of wine, the treatment shall be performed continuously, with in-line incorporation of the treated wine into the original wine.
 - (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (e) of this note, as an alternative, the resin may be directly introduced into a tank of must, in the quantities required, and then separated by any appropriate technical method.
 - (g) Initial acidity shall not be raised by more than 54 meg/l.
 - (h) If must and wine are treated, the cumulative net increase in acidity shall not exceed 54 mg/l.
 - (i) The treatment shall not alter the nature of the wine.
 - (j) The treatment shall not reduce the colour intensity of the wine.
 - (k) The treatment shall not decrease the concentration of metallic cations in the wine below 300 mg/l.
 - The treatment shall not lower the wine's pH below 3.0 and a decrease in pH shall not exceed 0.3 pH units.
 - (m) The resin shall not leave substances in the wine or impart to it characteristics, as a result of the resin-based treatment, that do not ordinarily exist in wine.
 - (n) The treatment shall be carried out under the responsibility of an oenologist or specialist technician.
 - (o) Conditioning agents and regenerants composed of water and inorganic acids, bases or salts may be used, provided that the conditioned or regenerated resin

is washed in water until all conditioning agents and regenerants are removed before adding the wine.".

Substitution of Table 8 of the Regulations

53. The following Table is hereby substituted for Table 8 of the Regulations:

"<u>TABLE 8</u>

RESTRICTED SUBSTANCES IN LIQUOR PRODUCTS

[Reg. 32]

Name of substanceMaximum extent to which substance may be contain	
1 2	
Arsenic	0,2
Boron	80,0, calculated as boracic acid
Bromine	1,0
Cadmium	0,015, but 0,01 in the case of wine
Copper	4,0, but 1,0 in the case of wine, an other fermented beverage, the beer classes and the traditional African beer classes
Fluorine	1,7, but 1,0 in the case of wine, an other fermented beverage, the beer classes and the traditional African beer classes
Iron	10,0 in the case of wine, an other fermented beverage, the beer classes and the traditional African beer classes
Lead	0,3, but 0,25 in the case of wine, an other fermented beverage, the beer classes and the traditional African beer classes produced after 31 December 1994, 0,2 in the case of wine produced after 31 December 1997, 0,1 for natural wine produced after 31 December 2019 and 0,15 for fortified wine produced after 31 December 2019.
Mercury	0,05
Methanol	See note 1
Selenium	1,0
Sodium	100,0 in the case of wine, an other fermented beverage, the beer classes and the traditional African beer classes only
Sulphur dioxide See note 2. Levels of this substance shall be determined using the aspiration method of analysis.	
Tin 250,0, but 100,0 in the case of wine, an other fermented bever the beer classes and the traditional African beer classes	
Zinc	5,0

Notes:

- 1. (a) Wine, an other fermented beverage, the beer classes and the traditional African beer classes shall not contain more than 300 mg/l of methanol.
 - (b) Spirits other than husk spirit, premium husk spirit and an unspecified spirit referred to in regulation 23(d) shall contain no more than 2000 mg of methanol per litre of absolute alcohol.
- 2. (a) An alcohol fruit beverage, other fermented beverage, the beer classes, the traditional African beer classes, grape-based liquor and spirit-based liquor shall not contain more than 200 mg/l sulphur dioxide: Provided that not more than 50,0 mg/l of the sulphur dioxide content of an alcoholic fruit beverage, an other fermented beverage, the beer classes and the traditional African beer classes shall be in the form of free sulphur dioxide.
 - (b) Wine produced after 31 December 1994, may not contain more than 160 mg/l sulphur dioxide: Provided that-
 - (i) noble late harvest wine and wine from naturally dried grapes shall contain a maximum of 300 mg/l of sulphur dioxide;
 - (ii) natural wine with a residual sugar content of more than 5 gram per litre shall contain a maximum of 200 mg/l of sulphur dioxide;
 - (iii) not more than 60 mg/l of the sulphur dioxide of wine, excluding red wine destined for export in bulk during the year of production thereof, shall be in the form of free sulphur dioxide;
 - (iv) wine destined for export in bulk, must contain at least 30 mg/l of free sulphur dioxide;
 - (v) red wine with a residual sugar content of less than 5 g/l produced after 31 December 2002 shall not contain more than 150 mg/l of sulphur dioxide.
 - (vi) wine in respect of which certification as a noble late harvest wine or as a wine from naturally dried grapes has been refused, may contain a maximum of 300 mg/l of sulphur dioxide.
 - (c) Wine produced before 31 December 1994, shall not contain more than 200 mg/l of sulphur dioxide: Provided that noble late harvest wine, as well as sweet natural wine in respect of which certification as a noble late harvest has been refused may contain up to 300 mg/l of sulphur dioxide.".

Substitution of Table 9 of the Regulations

54. The following Table is hereby substituted for Table 9 of the Regulations:

<u>"TABLE 9</u>

LETTER SIZES OF INDICATIONS ON LABELS

[Reg. 34(1)(c)(v)]

	Nature of particulars	Minimum vertical height in the case of labels on containers with a content of -		
	Nature of particulars	Less than 250 ml	250 ml but not more than 375 ml	More than 375 ml
	1	2	3	4
1.	Class designations:			
	(a) Flavoured grape liquor, grape liquor, other fermented beverage, the beer classes, the traditional African beer classes, spirit cooler	1,5 mm	2,5 mm	4,0 mm
	(b) Other liquor products	1,0 mm	1,5 mm	2,0 mm
2.	Alcohol content:			
	(a) Flavoured grape liquor, grape liquor, other fermented beverage, the beer classes, the traditional African beer classes, spirit cooler	1,5 mm	2,5 mm	4,0 mm
	(b) Other liquor products	1,0 mm	1,5 mm	2,0 mm
3.	Country of origin	1,0 mm	1,5 mm	2,0 mm
4.	Name en address or code number of responsible seller	1,0 mm	1,5 mm	2,0 mm
5.	The expression "contains sulfites", "contains sulphites"	1,0 mm	1,5 mm	2,0 mm
6.	Filling date or best before date or production date	1,0 mm	1,5 mm	2,0 mm
7.	Class designation on a main label	1,5 mm	2,5 mm	4,0 mm".

Amendment of Table 10 of the Regulations

55. Table 10 of the Regulations is hereby amended by -

(a) the substitution for item 8 of the following item:

	Class designation	Permissible alternative
	1	2
"8.	Sparkling wine according to the	Sparkling wine according to the classical method;
	traditional method	Sparkling wine according to the classical traditional method; Methode cap classique sparkling wine if made from grapes of the 2022 harvest and before; Champagne, if the administering officer is satisfied that the sparkling wine concerned was produced in the Champagne area in France.";

(b) the insertion of the following entries after item 8:

	Class designation	Permissible alternative
	1	2
"8A.	Méthode Cap Classique sparkling wine	MCC sparkling wine.
8B.	Méthode Cap Classique sparkling wine with Extended Lees Aging	Méthode Cap Classique sparkling wine ELA, MCC sparkling wine with Extended Lees Aging, MCC sparkling wine ELA, Extended Lees Aging Méthode Cap Classique sparkling wine, Extended Lees Aging MCC sparkling wine, ELA Méthode Cap Classique sparkling wine, ELA MCC sparkling wine or MCC ELA sparkling wine.";

(c) the insertion of the following entry after item 13D:

Class designation	Permissible alternative
1	2
	Distilled gin; London gin or London dry gin if the sugar content of the final product, calculated as reducing sugar, is not more than 0,1 g/l and if the final product is clear with no colour.";

(d) the substitution for item 17 of the following item:

Class designation	Permissible alternative	
1	2	
"17. Moscato	Muscat.";	

(e) the insertion of the following entries after item 27:

Class designation			Permissible alternative
	1		2
"28	Beer of the class specified in item 1 of Table 3B	beer beer	of more of the following beer style designations if the concerned has the traditional characteristics of the style or beer styles concerned: er, Ale, IPA, Stout, Porter, Pilsener, Bock, Weiss, Bitter, kle.
29	Traditional African beer classes	Umc	jombothi.
30.	100 % Agave spirit	(1) (2) (3)	Agave spirit. Tequila 100 % agave or Tequila if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico. Mezcal 100 % agave or Mezcal if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
31.	Silver 100 % agave spirit	(1) (2)	Silver agave spirit. Tequila silver, plata or blanco 100 % agave or Tequila silver, plata or blanco if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
		(3)	Mezcal silver, plata or blanco 100 % agave or Mezcal silver, plata or blanco or Mezcal silver, plata or blanco 100 % maguey if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
32.	Gold 100 % agave spirit	(1) (2)	Gold agave spirit. Tequila gold, joven or oro 100 % agave or Tequila gold, joven or oro if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
00		(3)	Mezcal gold, joven or oro 100 % agave or Mezcal gold, joven or oro or Mezcal gold, joven or oro 100 % maguey if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
33.	Aged 100 % agave spirit	(1)	Aged agave spirit.

	Class designation	Permissible alternative
	1	2
		 (2) Tequila aged or reposado 100 % agave or Tequila aged or reposado if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico. (3) Mezcal aged or reposado 100 % agave or Mezcal
		aged or reposado or Mezcal aged or reposado 100 % maguey if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
34.	Extra-aged 100 % agave spirit	 Extra-aged agave spirit. Tequila extra-aged or añejo 100 % agave or Tequila extra-aged or añejo if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
		(3) Mezcal extra-aged or añejo 100 % agave or Mezcal extra-aged or añejo or Mezcal aged or añejo 100 % maguey if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
35.	Ultra-aged 100 % agave spirit	 Utra-aged agave spirit. Tequila ultra-aged or extra añejo 100 % agave or Tequila ultra-aged or extra añejo if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
		(2) Mezcal ultra-aged or extra añejo 100 % agave or Mezcal ultra-aged or extra añejo or Mezcal ultra-aged or extra añejo 100 % maguey if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
36.	Crystal 100 % agave spirit	 Crystal agave spirit. This class designation or permissible alternative thereof may be supplemented by any of the applicable class designations or permissible alternatives thereof referred to in or in terms of items 33, 34 or 35.
		(3) Cristalino Tequila 100 % agave or Cristalino Tequila with or without any of the applicable class designations associated with Tequila referred to in or in terms of items 33, 34 or 35 if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
37.	Agave spirit	Tequila if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
38.	Silver agave spirit	Tequila silver, plata or blanco if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.
39.	Gold agave spirit	Tequila gold, joven or oro if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.

1	2	1	
1	7	1	

Class designation		Permissible alternative	
	1	2	
40.	Aged agave spirit	Tequila aged or reposado if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.	
41.	Extra-aged agave spirit	Tequila extra-aged or añejo if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.	
42.	Ultra-aged agave spirit	Tequila ultra-aged or extra añejo if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico.	
43.	Crystal agave spirit	 This class designation may be supplemented by any of the applicable class designations referred to in or in terms of items 40, 41 or 42. Cristalino Tequila with or without any of the applicable class designations associated with Tequila referred to in or in terms of items 40, 41 or 42 if the administering officer is satisfied that the product concerned was produced in Mexico. 	
44.	Flavoured grain fermented alcoholic beverage	Flavoured alcoholic grain beverage.	
45.	Grain fermented alcoholic beverage	Alcoholic grain beverage.".	

General amendment of the Regulations

56. The Regulations are hereby amended by the substitution for the word "board" wherever

it appears in the Regulations of the expression "WCA".".